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# Delaware Juvenile Recidivism

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## 2003 – 2008 Juvenile Level III, IV and V Recidivism Study

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State of Delaware  
Office of Management and Budget  
Statistical Analysis Center

Delaware Juvenile Recidivism:  
2003 – 2008 Juvenile Level III, IV and V Recidivism Study.

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## Executive Summary

This study of Delaware juvenile recidivism provides a comprehensive summary of re-arrest patterns when juvenile offenders are released back to the *street* after concluding a stay in a locked secure facility, a staff secure or a non-secure program. In many cases, a juvenile moves between programs before being released to the community. For instance, the typical Ferris School for Boys placement episode includes three contiguous placements: (1) admission to the Detention Center, (2) admission to the Ferris School, and (3) transition back to the community through Mowlds Cottage. In this case, time *at-risk* in the community does not start until the juvenile leaves Mowlds Cottage. Time at-risk in the community is adjusted for subsequent admissions to juvenile facilities and programs and Department of Correction institutions.

### FY06 Juvenile Recidivism:

- Level V locked secure facility releases: 43 percent were re-arrested for a felony within one year (page 17.)
- Level IV staff secure programs releases: 40 percent were re-arrested for a felony within one year (page 25.)
- Level III non-secure program releases: 30 percent were re-arrested for a felony within one year (page 49.)

There is an important change regarding how juvenile recidivism is measured and reported in this report compared to prior years. In past juvenile recidivism reports the youth who were adjudicated and served more than 10 days in a detention center were all considered to be Level V offenders. Based on discussions with the Director of the Division of Youth Rehabilitative Services, a decision was made to use the Dispositional Guidelines level of the first service provided after leaving the adjudicated stay at a detention center as a means to define the level of the youths' stay at the detention center. If the youth went on to a Level V program, for instance the Ferris School, his detention center stay would be referred to as a Level V admission. But, on the other hand, if the youth went to a Level IV program such as Glen Mills Schools, he would be referred to as a Level IV youth. In this report, the reader will see a New Castle and Stevenson House detention center listing under the Level III, Level IV and Level V recidivism summaries. When the release counts, recidivism rates, and criminal profiles for the over-all Level III, Level IV and Level V programs as well as the New Castle and Stevenson House Detention Center summaries are compared to prior years' studies, they will not match.

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## Introduction

This study provides comprehensive recidivism rates for juvenile offenders released by the Department of Services for Children, Youth and Their Families (DSCYF), Division of Youth Rehabilitative Services (DYRS) between 2003 and 2008 from out-of-home secure residential placements and non-secure programs.<sup>1</sup> There are two major levels of security related to out-of-home residential placements: secure and non-secure. Under Delaware's Dispositional Guidelines for Juveniles, youth can be sentenced to these different program levels as well as probation. The program levels reflect a graduated approach that requires increasingly intensive programming according to risk and need assessments of each juvenile. The more intensive programming corresponds to residential secure placements, the less intensive to non-secure placements:

- Level V, the most intensive programming available, is comprised of locked secure institutional settings like the Ferris School for Boys.
- Level IV staff secure programs provide 24 hour supervision and general diagnostic, substance abuse and sex offender treatment.
- Level III programs provide programming in non-secure settings.

Most of the programming is provided by contracted private organizations both in Delaware and out-of-state. Recidivism rates are presented for 72 separate institutions, public and private residential programs, and Level III programs.

The main measure of recidivism used in this study is a felony re-arrest – not a re-conviction or a re-admission – following release from a placement. Re-arrest recidivism rates are reported for six different at-risk intervals: 6, 12, 18, 24, 30 and 36 months. Many juvenile recidivism studies report truncated results because they stop following juveniles once they reach the age of majority. This study does not truncate results because Delaware arrests can be tracked through an offender's adult years. It is quite common for studies to under report recidivism because they do not adjust time at-risk for re-admissions to secure settings. This study adjusts time at-risk to account for re-admissions to secure juvenile and adult facilities and institutions.

Juvenile justice policy makers established the use of the felony re-arrest rate as the main measure of recidivism for this series of studies in October of 1998. It was determined that the felony re-arrest rate tapped some of our most reliable data and that, furthermore, it provides the possibility for a *fairer* cross-jurisdictional comparison of recidivism rates. While the felony re-arrest rate is a viable measure of recidivism, it is preferable to measure recidivism using multiple measures. Where re-arrest highlights public safety risks to the community, re-detention underscores the court's willingness to remove a juvenile arrestee from the

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<sup>1</sup> Due to the use of the latest available placement data for each edition of this report, the release counts, felony recidivism rates, and historical profiles presented in this document are not comparable to information presented in previous reports. See page 63 for a detailed explanation of how the datasets and analysis file were constructed for this study.

community, at least temporarily, and re-incarceration would highlight the Family Court's affirmation of guilt for a new crime.

As a means of providing a fuller understanding of juvenile criminal behavior and recidivism two additional views of recidivism are provided in the introductory part this study. In addition to the *main* felony re-arrest measure, the full view of all re-arrests (by type of arrest) is examined for FY06; fiscal year – July 1, 2005, to June 30, 2006. Second, the FY03 to FY06 felony plus the misdemeanor re-arrest pattern is examined.

## FY06 Recidivism Summary

There were 1,048 individuals released from 1,246 Level V placement episodes during the study period from FY03 to FY08<sup>2</sup>. From FY04 to FY06 the 12 month Level V felony recidivism rate decreased from 48 percent to 43 percent – a 10 percent decrease in felony re-arrest recidivism. The average length of stay in a Level V secure setting increased between FY03 and FY08 from 5.5 to 7.5 months. See page 17 for more details on Level V recidivism rates.

There were 2,354 individuals released from 4,047 Level IV placement episodes during the study period. The recidivism rate decreased from 46 percent in FY03 to 33 percent in FY08 – a 28 percent decrease in felony re-arrest recidivism. The average length of stay in a Level IV secure setting decreased during this time period from 3.4 to 2.9 months. See page 25 for more details on Level IV recidivism rates.

There were 3,964 individuals released from 8,782 Level III placements during the study period. The recidivism rate decreased from 35 percent in FY03 to 28 percent in FY08 – a 20 percent decrease in felony re-arrest recidivism. The average length of stay in a Level III non-secure decreased slightly from 2.5 to 2.3 months. See page 49 for more details on Level III recidivism rates.

The tables below – Tables 1, 2, 3 – provide the summary FY06 felony re-arrest rates and individual program detail within each level of sanction. Level IV and Level V recidivism is reported at one year at-risk after release from a secure placement episode. Level III recidivism is reported at one year at-risk from admission to a non-secure program. These recidivism results are the most recent available for all three Levels because not all FY07 releases have been at-risk for 12 months through the end of the follow-up period on February 20, 2009. Table 5, Percent of Level V Cohorts At-Risk Through 10 Post-Release Periods, shows the percentage of each cohort that has gone through a given at-risk period when at-risk periods are controlled for attrition caused by death and re-admissions to secure settings.

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<sup>2</sup> See the explanations of placement episodes on page 12 of this document.

## FY06 12 Month Recidivism Rates

The Level V FY06 release cohort recidivism rate at 12 months at-risk for a felony arrest is 43 percent. The following table shows the FY06 12 month recidivism rate for Level V programs.

Table 1, Youth Arrested for a Felony within  
12 Months of Release from a FY06 Level V Episode

Program	Number			Recidivism Rate
	Released	At-Risk 1 Year	Arrested	
The Ferris School for Boys, DE	148	129	63	49%
New Castle County D.C. Level V, DE	66	59	24	41%
Stevenson House D.C. Level V, DE	23	21	5	24%
Division of Child Mental Health Level V Hold, DE	8	8	1	13%
Cornell Abraxas Fire Setter Program, PA	2	2	1	50%
Level V Episodes <sup>3</sup>	202 <sup>4</sup>	177	76	43%

<sup>3</sup> The recidivism rates presented in this analysis are based on the number of juveniles alive and at-risk in the community at the end of each at-risk period. There were 202 releases during FY06 from Level V episodes. However, three juveniles died within twelve months of their release from a Level V episode and 22 had been re-admitted to a secure setting. Since the 177 youth that had been at risk for 12 months had 76 felony re-arrests the FY06 felony recidivism rate is 43 percent  $((76/(202 - 3 - 22))*100=43)$ .

<sup>4</sup> Please note that secure placement episode statistics within a level are not additive. Double counting would occur if an attempt was made to sum to a Level V total because a Level V episode may include admissions to more than one Level V program and youth may have been released from more than one Level V episode within the same fiscal year.

The Level IV FY06 release cohort recidivism rate for a felony arrest is 40 percent. The following table shows the FY06 12 month recidivism rate for Level IV programs.

Table 2, Youth Arrested for a Felony within  
12 Months of Release from a FY06 Level IV Episode

Program	Number			Recidivism Rate
	Released	At-Risk 1 Year	Arrested	
Mowlds Cottage, DE	201	178	82	46%
New Castle County D.C. Level IV, DE	132	117	59	50%
Stevenson House D.C. Level IV, DE	118	113	42	37%
Snowden Cottage, DE	115	105	51	49%
Youth Services Academy, PA	102	88	43	49%
Grace Cottage, DE	98	98	13	13%
VisionQuest, Boot Camp, PA	65	58	29	50%
Glen Mills Schools, PA	32	29	16	55%
Summit Academy, PA	21	18	10	56%
Springfield Academy, SD	20	18	7	39%
Today Inc., New Dawn Program, PA	15	15	5	33%
Chamberlain Academy, High Impact, SD	12	10	5	50%
VisionQuest, Madalyn Program, PA	10	10	0	0%
Clarinda Academy, IA	9	9	4	44%
Mountain Manor, MD	8	8	5	63%
Diversified Treatment Alternatives, PA	7	7	0	0%
South West Indiana Youth Village, IN	7	7	1	14%
New Hope, Triad, SC	6	6	0	0%
The Pines, Behavioral Studies Program, VA	4	3	0	0%
Today Inc., General, PA	4	4	1	25%
Manatee Palms Youth Services, FL	3	3	1	33%
The Pines, Adolescent Male Program, TN	3	3	0	0%
New Hope, New Horizon, SC	2	2	1	50%
New Hope, Starting Pointe, SC	2	2	0	0%
Riverside Treatment Services, Inc., D.C.	2	2	1	50%
The Pines, Project Right Track, SC	2	2	2	100%
Benchmark Behavioral Health System, UT	1	1	0	0%
Chamberlain Academy, General, SD	1	1	0	0%
Hennepin County Home School, MN	1	1	0	0%
VisionQuest, Buffalo Soldiers Academy, PA	1	1	0	0%
Way Point Program, SC	1	1	0	0%
Level IV Episodes	723	661	266	40%

The Level III FY06 release cohort recidivism rate at 12 months at-risk for a felony arrest is 30 percent. The following table shows the FY06 12 month recidivism rate for Level III programs.

Table 3, Youth Arrested for a Felony within  
12 Months of Release from a Level III Episode, FY06 Releases

Program	Number			Recidivism Rate
	Released	At-Risk 1 Year	Arrested	
VisionQuest, FCICM, DE	435	420	120	29%
Project Stay Free, Intensive Home Based, DE	289	270	90	33%
Lead Inc., Home Based Services, DE	169	157	49	31%
P.C.S., Multisystemic Therapy Program, DE	134	131	28	21%
Cornell Abraxas, Home Based Services, DE	120	119	24	20%
Cornell Abraxas, Intensive Home Based, DE	111	109	31	28%
Project Stay Free, Day Treatment, DE	94	85	36	42%
Providence Srv. Co., Home Based Srvc., DE	79	76	26	34%
Camelot, Shelter, DE	36	35	15	43%
Ministry of Caring, House of Joseph II, DE	19	14	10	. <sup>5</sup>
P.C.S., Family Support Program, DE	18	18	1	6%
New Castle County D.C. Level III, DE	7	7	4	57%
Diversified Treatment Alt., Foster Care, DE	1	1	0	0%
Level III Episodes	1,530	1,460	439	30%

<sup>5</sup> Since only 74 percent of the FY06 House of Joseph II cohort had been at-risk for 12 months at the end of the followup period the 12 month recidivism rate is not reported for this program.

## Different Measures of Recidivism

Measuring recidivism as a re-arrest or a re-admission is an important research and policy issue. It is preferable to measure recidivism using multiple measures where re-arrest highlights public safety risks to the community, re-detention underscores the court's willingness to remove a juvenile arrestee from the community, at least temporarily, and re-incarceration highlights the Family Court's affirmation of guilt for a new crime.

This study, at the request of policy makers in October 1998, assesses DYRS recidivism in terms of felony re-arrest. This, it is believed, provides the possibility for a *fairer* cross jurisdictional comparison of recidivism rates. Re-detention information, although not used as an explicit recidivism measure, is reported as a part of the *offender profile* in this study. That is, the reader can compare the relationship between the average number of prior detention episodes for a specific release cohort and that cohort's felony re-arrest rate. No information is provided in this report regarding re-conviction because the data systems are not systematically capable of providing this information. While the major purpose of this report is to provide felony re-arrest recidivism rates for the 16,142 admission – release incidents that were tracked between July 2002 and June 2008 from DYRS Level III, Level IV and Level V programs and institutions, re-arrest information is also collected for misdemeanors and technical or administrative measures. This more extensive arrest information provides valuable background information regarding juvenile crime patterns after release from DYRS programs and institutions.

## Total Re-arrest Patterns

The pie charts below show FY06 re-arrest recidivism rates for released juveniles at-risk at least 12 months. Three different types of recidivism are displayed in each of these graphs: (1) Recidivism where a felony arrest constitutes the most serious criminal activity after release, and (2) where a misdemeanor arrest constitutes the most serious criminal event, and (3) violation of probation (VOP) arrests.

Figure 1, Level V FY06 Re-arrest Recidivism 1 Year After Release, n=177

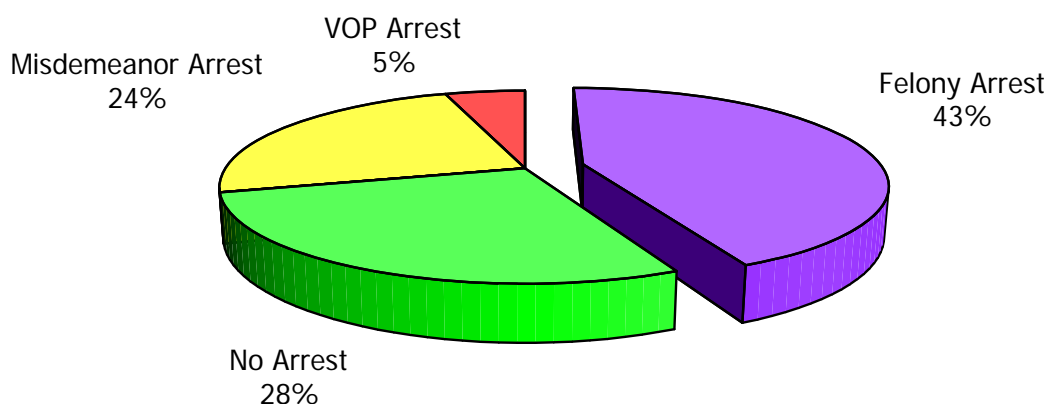


Figure 1 shows the recidivism patterns for the 177 FY06 releases from Level V placement episodes who had been at-risk for at least one year. Seventy-two percent of the Level V releasees were re-arrested within one year. Forty-three percent had felony re-arrests, 24 percent had re-arrests where a misdemeanor was the most serious charge, and another five percent were re-arrested only for violations of probation.

Figure 2 shows the recidivism patterns for the 661 FY06 releases from a Level IV placement episode who had been at risk for one year. Seventy-seven percent of the Level IV releasees were re-arrested within one year. Forty percent had felony re-arrests, 32 percent had re-arrests where a misdemeanor was the most serious charge, and another five percent were re-arrested only for violations of probation. When the full range of re-arrest recidivism is considered, there is little difference between youth released from a Level IV or V program.

Figure 3 shows the recidivism patterns for the 1,460 FY06 releases from a Level III placement episode who had been at risk for at least one year. Seventy-two percent of the Level III releasees were re-arrested within one year. Thirty percent had felony re-arrests, 36 percent had re-arrests where a misdemeanor was the most serious charge, and another six percent were re-arrested only for violations of probation. Level III releases were just as likely to be re-arrested in the year following release from a program, but they were also less likely to be re-arrested for a felony.

Figure 2, Level IV FY06 Re-arrest Recidivism 1 Year After Release, n=661

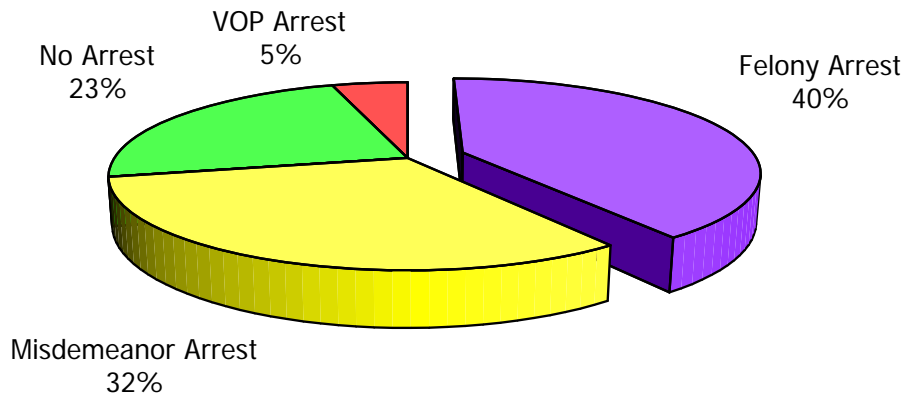
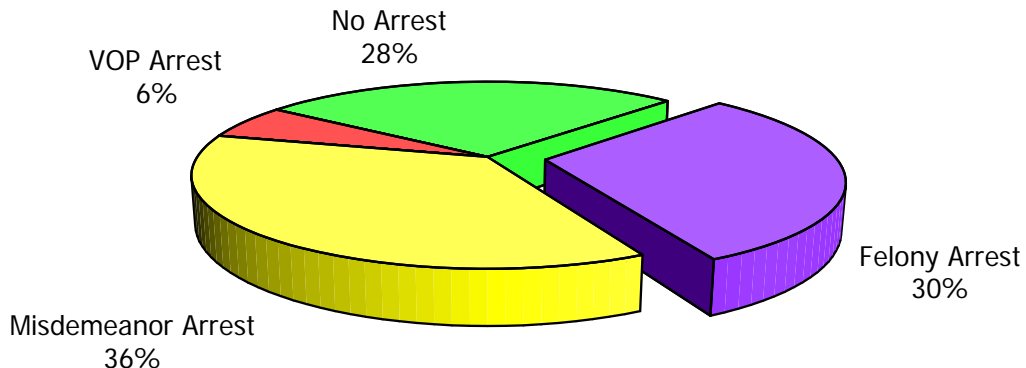


Figure 3, Level III FY06 Re-arrest Recidivism 1 Year After Release, n=1,460



## Comparing Misdemeanor Plus Felony and Felony Only Recidivism Rates

Another perspective on recidivism is arrests for new crimes only. Proponents of this perspective exclude arrests for violations of probation. Many violations of probation arrests are closely associated with intensive supervision programs where juveniles are arrested, not for breaking the law, but for violating the conditions of their sentencing orders, including failing to fully comply with the conditions of the intensive supervision program.

In some situations, violations of probation, when added to the recidivism for new crimes can make an intensive supervision program appear more punitive than it was designed to be. For example, the Serious Juvenile Offender program had 38 percent more technical arrests than a similar group of delinquents that were not part of the program.<sup>6</sup> Although some may view an arrest for a violation of probation as less serious than an arrest for a new crime, an arrest for a technical violation is just as likely to result in a re-incarceration as a felony arrest (70 percent versus 71 percent) and much *more* likely to result in a re-incarceration than a misdemeanor arrest (70 percent versus 48 percent.)<sup>7</sup> Therefore, while conceptually not as serious as a new crime, the impact of a technical violation arrest is just as significant as a new felony arrest.

Table 4, Delaware 12 Month Juvenile Recidivism Rates, shows that the reduction in felony re-arrest recidivism was the same for Level IV and Level V programs. Between FY03 and FY06, the 12 month Level V felony re-arrest recidivism rate remained flat at 43 percent, with the exception of FY04 when it spiked to 48 percent. During the same time period, the 12 month Level IV felony re-arrest recidivism rate, decreased 28 percentage points – from 46 percent to 30 percent. The Level V felony and misdemeanor recidivism rate fluctuated more than the Level IV felony and misdemeanor during this period. Between FY03 and FY06, the reduction in felony and misdemeanor re-arrest rate was of nine eight percentage points for Level V and two for Level IV.

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<sup>6</sup> Delaware's Serious Juvenile Offender Program, SAC, August 2004, p. 24.

<sup>7</sup> *Ibid*, p. 3.



Table 4, Delaware 12 Month Juvenile Recidivism Rates:  
A Comparison of Misdemeanor-Felony and Felony Arrest Analysis

Level Release Cohort	<u>Misdemeanor and Felony Analysis</u>				<u>Felony Analysis</u>			
	Number				Number			
	Released	At-Risk 1 Year	Arrested	Rate	Released	At-Risk 1 Year	Arrested	Rate
Level IV								
FY 03	645	634	461	73%	645	634	289	46%
FY 04	595	580	423	73%	595	580	267	46%
FY 05	565	532	384	72%	565	532	224	42%
FY 06	723	661	471	71%	723	661	266	40%
Level V								
FY 03	196	190	145	76%	196	190	83	44%
FY 04	261	250	173	69%	261	250	120	48%
FY 05	221	202	145	72%	221	202	87	43%
FY 06	202	177	118	67%	202	177	76	43%

Note: Analysis excludes arrests for municipal ordinances, non-DUI related traffic offenses and technical violations.

## Technical Note: Measuring Recidivism

The FY09 Budget Act, 76 Del. Laws c. 280 § 215, authorizes the Delaware Statistical Analysis Center (SAC) with preparing this report. Juvenile justice policy makers requested in October 1998 that SAC assess DYRS recidivism in terms of felony re-arrests. Thus, in this study recidivism is defined as a new felony arrest in Delaware. Recidivism is measured when a youth is arrested for a felony in Delaware after being released from a DYRS Level IV or V placement episode. Recidivism is reported as the percentage of persons released who are re-arrested following release. Arrests for technical violations, misdemeanors, or traffic offenses not related to driving under the influence or motor vehicle theft are not included in the remainder of this study.

Traditionally, recidivism is measured from the date of release from an institution or a residential placement. This measure is valid for systems that take youth from the street, incarcerate them, and then release them back to the street. Delaware's juvenile system is much more likely to place the juvenile offender in a series of secure placements before a youth is released to the community. The methodology in this report captures the serial institutionalization of a juvenile as a *secure placement episode* for youth held in Level IV and Level V.

Secure placement episodes comprise an uninterrupted period of time when a youth is not in the community and may include multiple releases from secure residential placements. For example, the typical Ferris School for Boys placement episode includes three contiguous placements: (1) admission to the Detention Center, (2) admission to the Ferris School, and (3) transition back to the community through Mowlds Cottage. The at-risk period for the juvenile who had a typical Ferris School for Boys placement episode does not start until the juvenile has been released from Mowlds Cottage and is no longer in secure supervision. Secure placements also include DFS and DCMH programs that provide residential services which are classified by DSCYF as crisis bed, mental health; inpatient hospital; inpatient hospital, mental health; residential group care, treatment center; residential Interagency Collaborative Team; residential treatment, mental health; and residential treatment, substance abuse. In this study, the post-release *at-risk* period starts when a juvenile is released to the community.

When youth are transferred from a secure residential DYRS placement to a DOC institution their secure placement episode ends with their release from DOC to the community. Placement episodes which are comprised exclusively of DOC admission—release incidents are included in this study's analysis file so that time at risk can be tracked accurately for individuals who are being tracked but are no longer under the jurisdiction of Family Court. The recidivism rates for individuals released from DOC episodes is not reported in this study as the focus of this study is juvenile recidivism.

The recidivism of youth in Level III DYRS placements is measured when a youth is arrested in Delaware for a felony after being admitted to a Level III program. Since youth in Level III programs are not in secure settings they are at-risk in the community while participating in Level III programs. Placement information was adjusted, after consultation with the DYRS

Chief of Community Services, to reflect program interruptions and cases where records showed that a youth was in more than one primary Level III program at a time. For example, a program interruption occurs when a Level III youth is arrested, held in secure detention, then released back to the original Level III program. In this example, two Level III admissions would be recorded as bookends to the secure detention admission. Youth who were in more than one Level III program (according to FACTS and/or service provider invoices) were assigned, for the purposes of this study, to Level III programs so that each individual program had distinct admission and release dates that did not overlap. For example, the admission and release dates of youth in the Multi-Systemic Therapy program were adjusted so that they did not coincide or overlap with an admission to Project Stay Free's Intensive Community Care Program (ICCP.)

## Interpreting Recidivism Results: A Caution

Interpretations of the recidivism results in this study can be made for general types of programs like Level V or Level IV and for a specific program over time. Caution, however, should be exercised when comparing a specific program with another. It might be assumed that all Level IV programs are similar and therefore comparable in terms of recidivism. Whereas this may be true for some programs, it may not be for others. For instance, a Level IV shelter where juveniles are held for two or three weeks awaiting placement is not the same as a one year, or even a three month Level IV program, that provides extensive counseling. Juvenile programs also differ significantly in the type of offender they are willing to serve: not all programs are geared toward providing services to youth with multiple unsuccessful prior placements, some prefer instead to service offenders without prior placements.

It is also important to realize that youth with more extensive criminal histories are more likely to have higher recidivism rates. Prior criminal history patterns differ significantly from program to program and even from year to year within a program. Fortunately, this study provides length of stay and prior criminal history summaries for each program. The historical profiles provided in this report should be helpful in framing discussions regarding juvenile recidivism.

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## Level V, IV, and III Felony Recidivism Tables

The following pages show felony recidivism rates for total Level V, IV, and III and selected programs in the study.

Recidivism rate tables and graphs are shown for programs that released more than 9 juveniles during fiscal years 2006, 2007 or 2008. Only recidivism rate tables are shown for small programs – programs that released less than 10 juveniles in FY06, FY07, and FY08.

Felony recidivism rates are presented in the following pages for six release thresholds: six, 12, 18, 24, 30 and 36 months *at-risk* since release. The recidivism rates presented in this study are based on the number of youth who are alive at the end of each at-risk period and are adjusted for periods when youth are not at-risk in the community. These adjustments include re-admissions to secure juvenile facilities and programs and subsequent admissions to Department of Correction institutions after the youth that are tracked in this study reach the age of majority. Even though the last FY03 releases occurred during June, 2003, not all of the youth in the FY03 cohort had been at-risk in the community for at least five years through the end of this study follow-up period on February 20, 2009. In fact, only 77 percent of the FY03 threshold had been at-risk in the community for three years, or 36 months, on February 20, 2009, due to post-release re-admissions to secure juvenile facilities or programs and adult institutions. The following table illustrates the percentage of each Level V release cohort that has reached a given at-risk period.

Table 5, Percent of Level V Cohorts At-Risk Through 10 Post-Release Periods

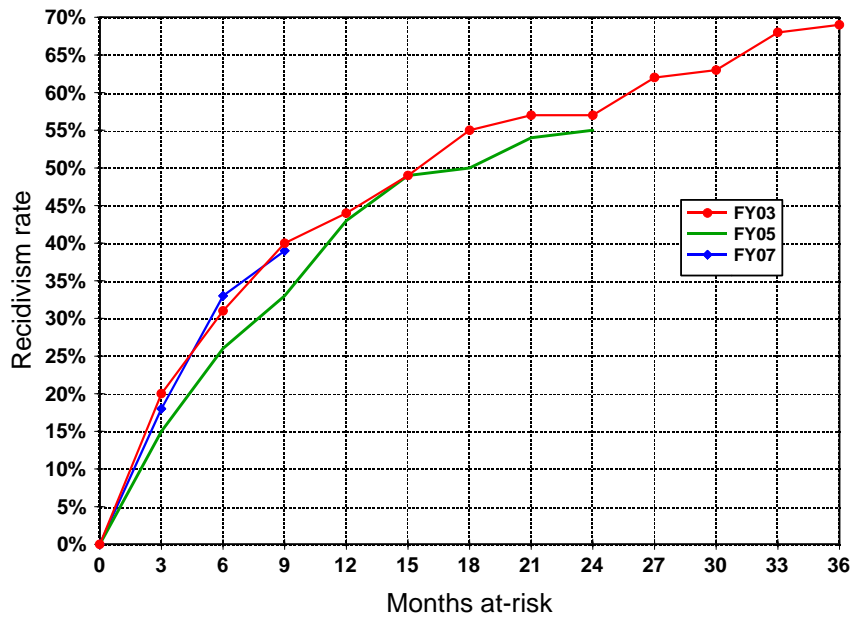
Time Period	Number Released	Months At-Risk Since Release									
		6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
FY 03	196	98%	97%	94%	89%	83%	77%	72%	62%	55%	46%
FY 04	261	99%	96%	90%	84%	77%	70%	61%	51%	37%	21%
FY 05	221	96%	91%	86%	79%	67%	56%	43%	17%	3%	0%
FY 06	202	98%	88%	77%	61%	43%	19%	3%	0%	0%	0%
FY 07	170	94%	74%	55%	25%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 08	196	80%	32%	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

The following pages present felony recidivism rates when at least 75 percent of a cohort has gone through an at-risk period. For example the FY04 30 month Level V felony recidivism rate of 55% is shown in Display 1, but the 36 month rate is not shown since only 70 percent of the FY04 cohort has been at-risk for 36 months.

Display 1 shows Level V felony recidivism rates at various at-risk time periods and a historical profile with several measures over the study period:

- The graph shows the felony recidivism rate for FY03, FY05 and FY07 Level V releases at three month at-risk thresholds when at least 75 percent of a cohort has been through an at-risk period.
- The table shows the felony recidivism rates for each fiscal year in the study period at 6 month at-risk time periods.
- The rates shown in the graph and the table are based on the number of youth who are alive at the end of each at-risk period and are adjusted for periods when youth are not at-risk in the community.
- The historical profile table shows the average Level V length of stay in months for fiscal years 03 – 08. The Level V length of stay is the time that youth spent in Level V status at a detention center (for youth who spend all their adjudicated time there) and time spent in a juvenile Level V facility or DOC before being released to the community.
- *Placement episode LOS in months* refers to the entire time in custody prior to release to the community.

Display 1, Level V Felony Recidivism Rates



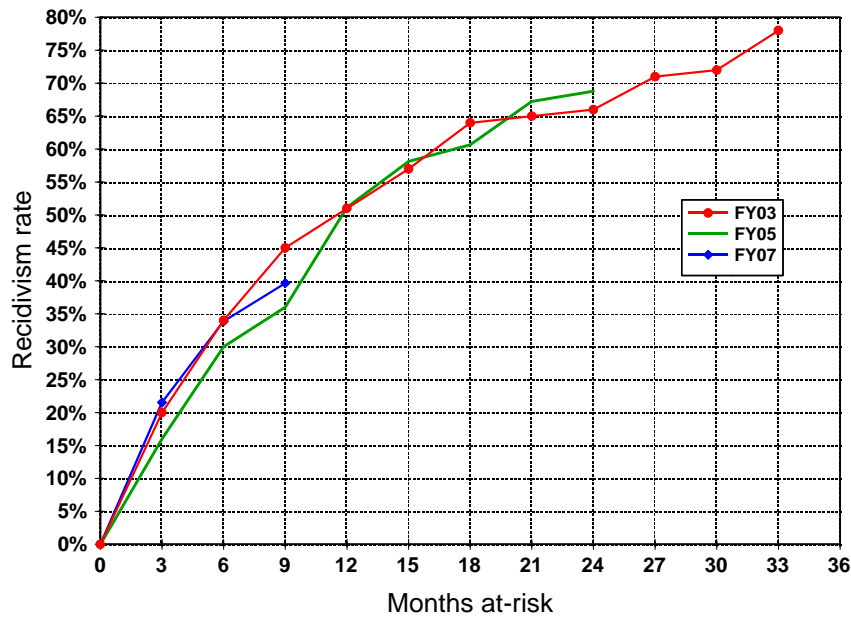
Level V Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	196	31%	44%	55%	57%	63%	69%
FY 04	261	31%	48%	53%	55%	55%	.
FY 05	221	26%	43%	50%	55%	.	.
FY 06	202	30%	43%	50%	.	.	.
FY 07	170	33%	.	.	.	.	.
FY 08	196	26%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Level V LOS in months	6.0	5.5	4.9	5.1	7.0	6.4	7.5
Placement episode LOS in months	8.6	8.1	7.2	7.5	10.3	9.3	9.6
Number of prior detention admissions	3.3	3.0	3.2	3.9	3.5	3.5	2.8
Number of prior incarceration admissions	3.2	2.7	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.5	3.6
Number of prior felony arrests	2.7	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.8
Number of prior arrests	8.6	8.0	8.2	8.8	8.6	9.3	9.0

Display 2, Ferris School for Boys Felony Recidivism Rates



Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	128	34%	51%	64%	66%	72%	.
FY 04	146	31%	51%	57%	62%	.	.
FY 05	140	30%	51%	61%	69%	.	.
FY 06	148	35%	49%	56%	.	.	.
FY 07	134	34%	.	.	.	.	.
FY 08	132	30%	.	.	.	.	.

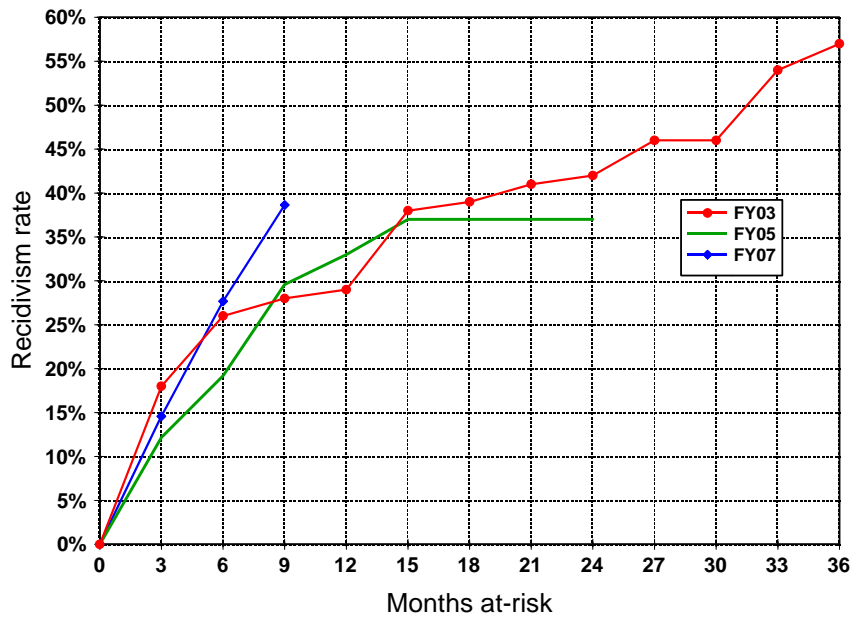
Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Ferris School for Boys LOS in months	6.6	7.0	6.5	6.2	6.6	6.7	6.6
Placement episode LOS in months	10.3	10.6	10.8	9.6	10.8	9.9	9.9
Number of prior detention admissions	3.6	3.3	3.4	4.2	3.8	3.7	3.2
Number of prior incarceration admissions	3.7	3.2	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.9	4.2
Number of prior felony arrests	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.0
Number of prior arrests	9.1	8.4	8.7	9.2	9.1	9.8	9.7

The Ferris School for Boys, a DYRS facility, provides programs and services to create a total learning environment for boys.



Display 3, New Castle County Detention Center Adjudicated Felony Recidivism Rates



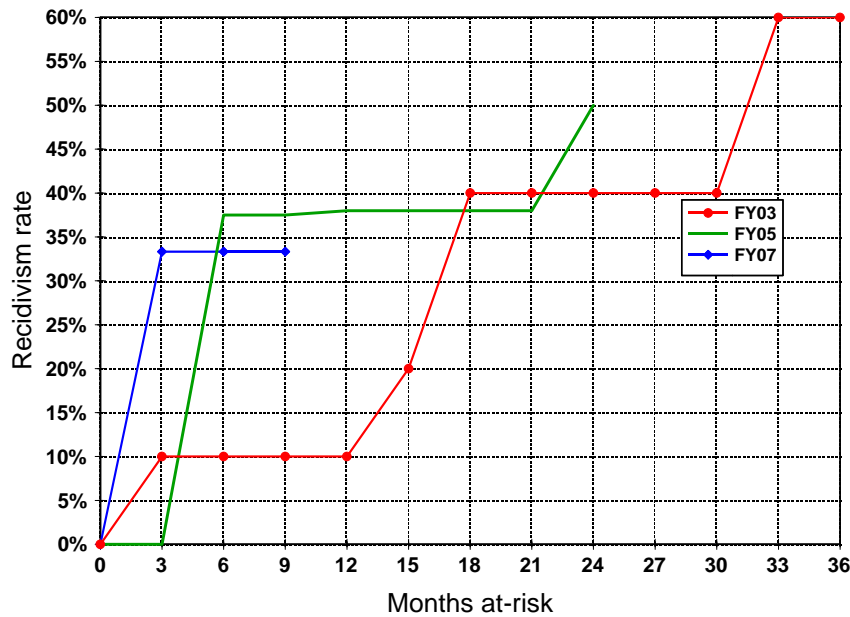
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	68	26%	29%	39%	42%	45%	57%
FY 04	102	29%	44%	45%	46%	49%	.
FY 05	75	19%	33%	37%	37%	.	.
FY 06	66	24%	41%	47%	.	.	.
FY 07	49	28%	38%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	52	14%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
New Castle County D.C. LOS in months	2.2	1.7	2.0	1.8	3.0	2.0	2.9
Placement episode LOS in months	6.7	5.6	4.7	4.8	9.6	7.7	10.3
Number of prior detention admissions	3.2	2.5	3.3	3.7	3.3	3.0	3.0
Number of prior incarceration admissions	3.1	2.5	3.0	2.8	3.3	3.1	4.2
Number of prior felony arrests	2.4	1.9	2.5	2.1	2.7	2.4	2.8
Number of prior arrests	8.4	7.5	8.3	8.4	8.2	8.6	9.5

The New Castle County Detention Center, a DYRS facility, provides health, professional care, professional counseling and educational programming for juveniles. The information presented above relates solely to juveniles who were released from this facility directly to the community, to a Level V placement, or to DOC after spending more than 10 days there pursuant to a sentenced admission or more than 10 days after being sentenced.

Display 4, Child Mental Health Level V Hold Felony Recidivism Rates



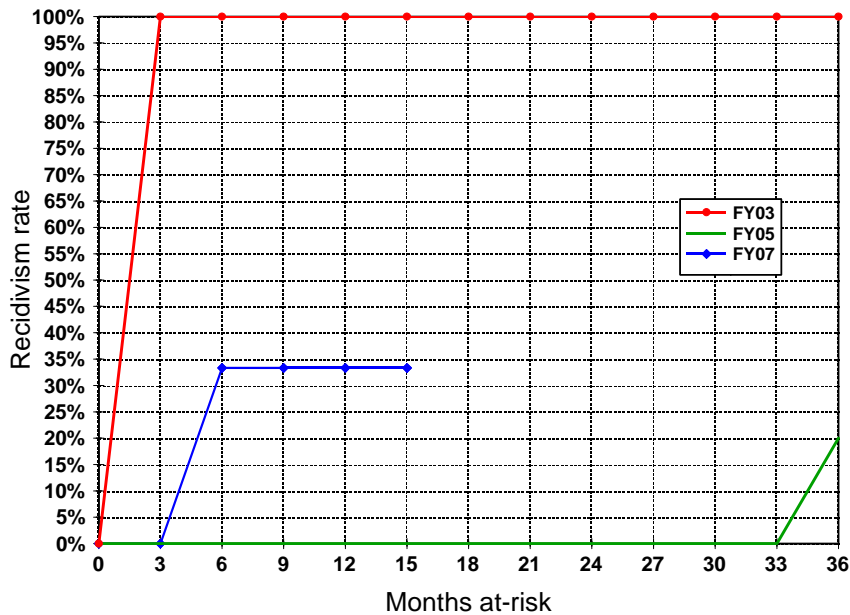
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	10	10%	10%	40%	40%	40%	60%
FY 04	8	13%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
FY 05	8	38%	38%	38%	50%	.	.
FY 06	8	0%	13%	13%	43%	.	.
FY 07	6	17%	17%	17%	.	.	.
FY 08	12	17%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
CMH Level V Hold LOS in months	5.1	7.8	6.7	3.5	5.2	6.4	1.9
Placement episode LOS in months	6.4	8.9	8.5	6.2	6.4	7.4	2.4
Number of prior detention admissions	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.6	1.8	1.5	0.3
Number of prior incarceration admissions	1.6	1.8	1.5	2.1	1.4	1.3	1.5
Number of prior felony arrests	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.5	0.9	0.5	0.5
Number of prior arrests	5.1	6.9	5.0	5.6	4.9	5.0	3.6

The information presented above relates solely to sentenced juveniles who were held in a DYRS detention center and were then released directly to a Division of Child Mental Health placement.

Display 5, South West Indiana Youth Village Secure Care Felony Recidivism Rates



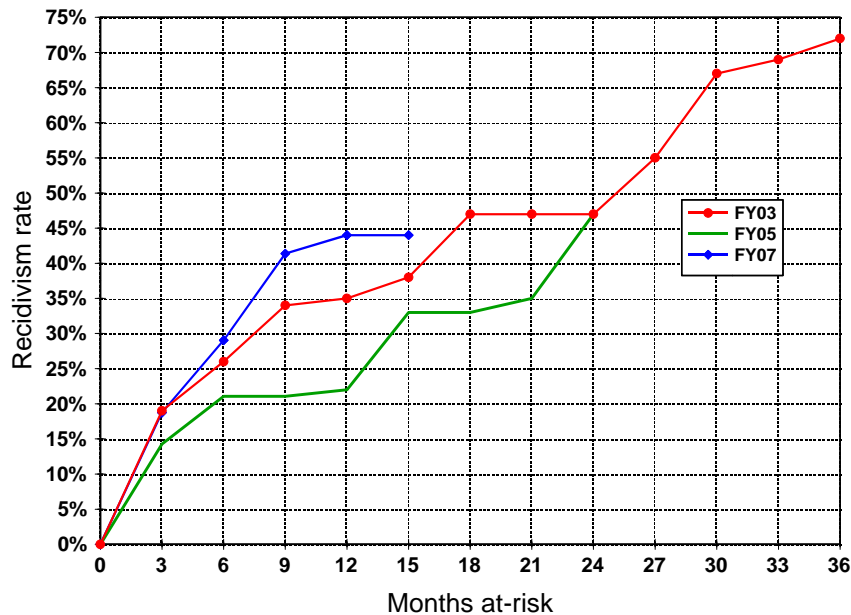
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	2	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
FY 05	5	0%	0%	0%	0%	20%	20%
FY 07	3	33%	33%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	13	18%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released			
		03	05	07	08
SWIYV Secure LOS in months	6.5	3.8	4.9	6.4	7.6
Placement episode LOS in months	11.4	11.3	6.3	14.7	12.6
Number of prior detention admissions	3.6	3.5	5.0	7.0	2.2
Number of prior incarceration admissions	3.0	6.5	2.4	4.0	2.5
Number of prior felony arrests	2.3	3.0	0.8	1.3	3.0
Number of prior arrests	8.3	8.5	7.2	9.3	8.5

South West Indiana Youth Village provides secure care and substance abuse treatment program for offenders 12 to 18 years of age.

Display 6, Stevenson House Detention Center Adjudicated Felony Recidivism Rates



Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	36	26%	35%	47%	47%	67%	72%
FY 04	75	35%	48%	54%	59%	59%	59%
FY 05	22	21%	22%	29%	47%	.	.
FY 06	23	17%	24%	32%	.	.	.
FY 07	32	29%	44%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	12	17%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Stevenson House D.C. LOS in months	2.0	1.5	1.5	3.0	2.6	1.7	2.5
Placement episode LOS in months	7.4	5.5	5.9	5.7	9.0	9.1	9.7
Number of prior detention admissions	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.6	2.3	1.7
Number of prior incarceration admissions	2.8	2.5	2.7	1.8	3.0	3.0	3.3
Number of prior felony arrests	2.4	2.1	2.5	2.2	2.7	2.2	2.3
Number of prior arrests	8.1	7.9	7.6	8.6	9.3	8.4	8.0

The Stevenson House Detention Center, a DYRS facility, provides health, professional care, professional counseling and educational programming for juveniles. The information presented above relates solely to juveniles who were released from this facility directly to the community, to a Level V placement, or to DOC after spending more than 10 days there pursuant to a sentenced admission or more than 10 days after being sentenced.

Display 7, Level V Small Program Felony Recidivism RatesCornell Abraxas Youth Center, Fire Setter Program Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 04	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 06	2	0%	50%	50%	50%	.	.
FY 08	1	0%	0%	0%	.	.	.

Cornell Abraxas Youth Center's Fire Setter Program provides a structured, long term program with individual and group therapy for males with a history of fire setting behaviors between the ages of 12 and 18.<sup>8</sup>

Cove PREP Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 08	0	0%	.	.	.	.	.

The Cove Psychosexual Rehabilitation & Education Program provides psychiatric evaluations and assessments, group therapy, and cognitive-behavioral and psychodynamic treatment to male sex offenders from 12 to 19 years of age.

Gulf Coast Treatment Center Felony Recidivism Rates

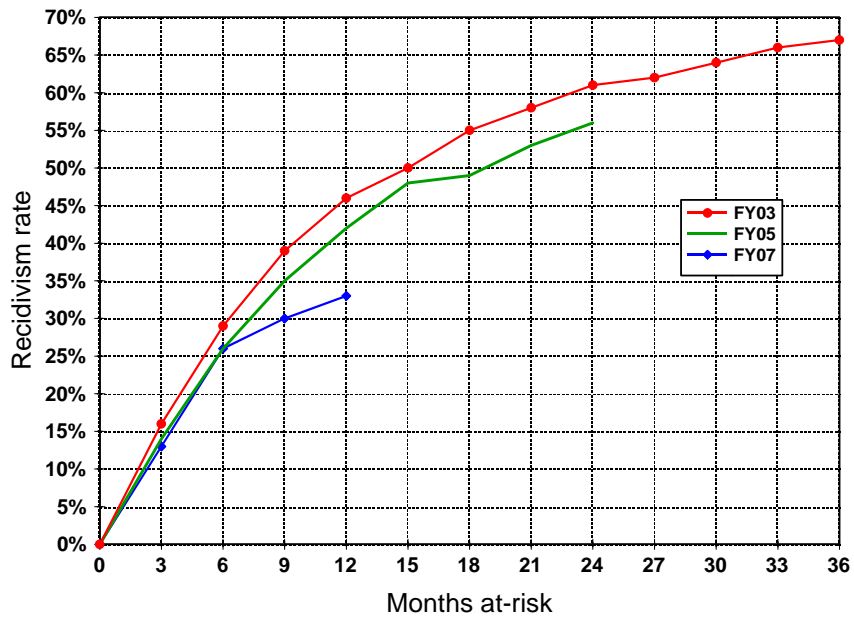
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 08	1	0%	.	.	.	.	.

Gulf Coast Treatment Center is a JCAHO accredited psychiatric hospital for females from 13 to 18 years of age with chronic histories of suicide attempts, severe self-mutilation, depression, bipolar disorder, psychotic disorder or drug and alcohol abuse.

<sup>8</sup> The program descriptions contained in this document were provided by DYRS.

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Display 8, Level IV Felony Recidivism Rates



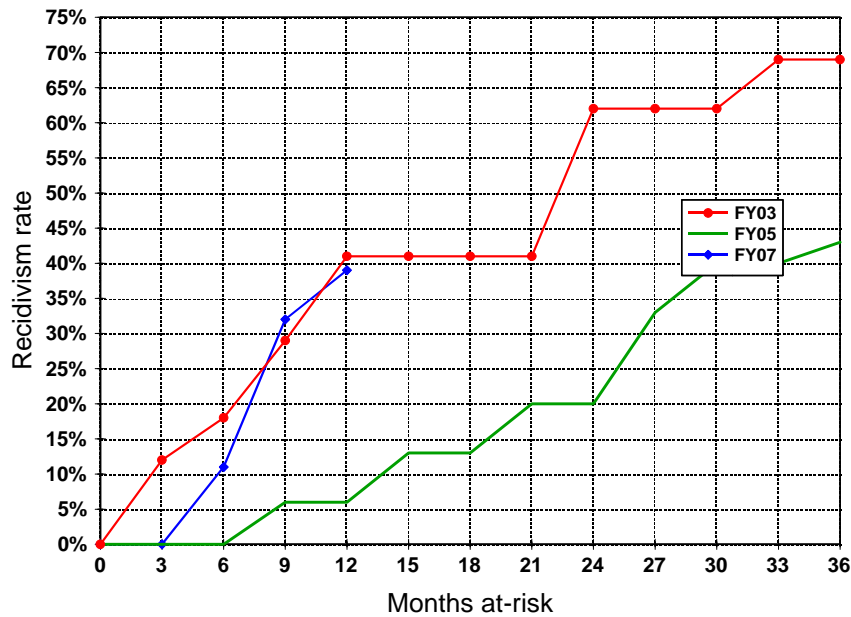
Level IV Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	645	29%	46%	55%	61%	64%	67%
FY 04	595	29%	46%	54%	58%	60%	.
FY 05	565	26%	42%	49%	56%	.	.
FY 06	723	29%	40%	44%	.	.	.
FY 07	799	26%	33%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	720	22%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Level IV LOS in months	3.1	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.0	2.9	2.9
Placement episode LOS in months	5.1	5.4	5.6	5.5	5.0	4.7	4.7
Number of prior detention admissions	2.7	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.0	2.6	2.2
Number of prior incarceration admissions	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.5
Number of prior felony arrests	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7
Number of prior arrests	7.4	7.0	7.4	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.1

Display 9, Chamberlain Academy, High Impact, Felony Recidivism Rates



Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	17	18%	41%	36%	62%	62%	69%
FY 04	16	19%	38%	44%	50%	50%	50%
FY 05	16	0%	6%	13%	20%	40%	43%
FY 06	12	27%	50%	60%	.	.	.
FY 07	19	11%	39%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	27	16%	.	.	.	.	.

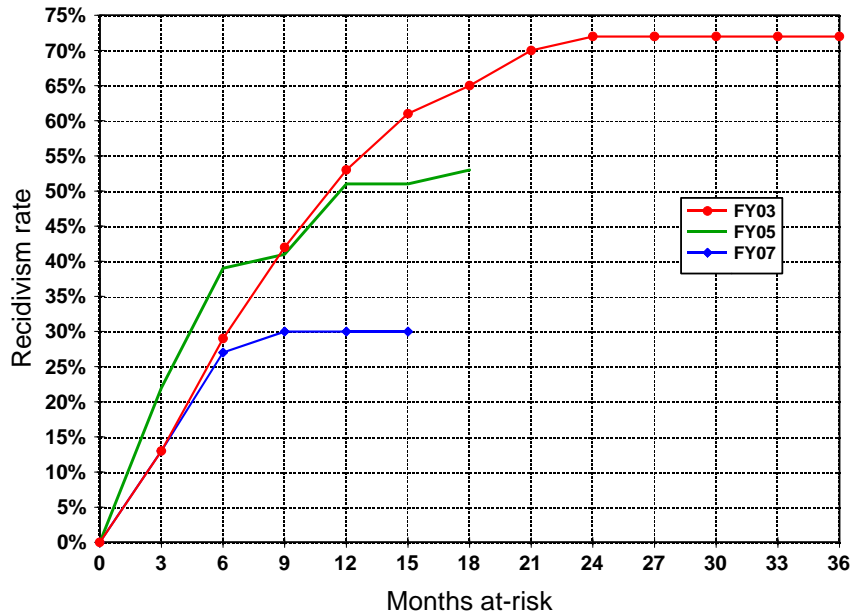
Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Chamberlain Academy H.I. LOS in months	3.7	4.1	4.0	3.3	3.8	3.9	3.4
Placement episode LOS in months	6.0	5.9	6.8	6.5	6.0	5.7	5.4
Number of prior detention admissions	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.2	3.4	1.9	2.2
Number of prior incarceration admissions	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.9	2.4
Number of prior felony arrests	1.6	2.1	2.4	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.0
Number of prior arrests	7.7	8.8	7.2	7.3	9.9	7.8	6.6

Chamberlain Academy's High Impact program provides short-term coed group programming for juveniles with minimal Court involvement and few post-adjudication placements.



Display 10, Glen Mills Schools Felony Recidivism Rates



Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	38	29%	53%	65%	72%	72%	72%
FY 04	39	32%	45%	57%	67%	.	.
FY 05	46	39%	51%	53%	.	.	.
FY 06	32	38%	55%	.	.	.	.
FY 07	30	27%	30%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	35	13%	.	.	.	.	.

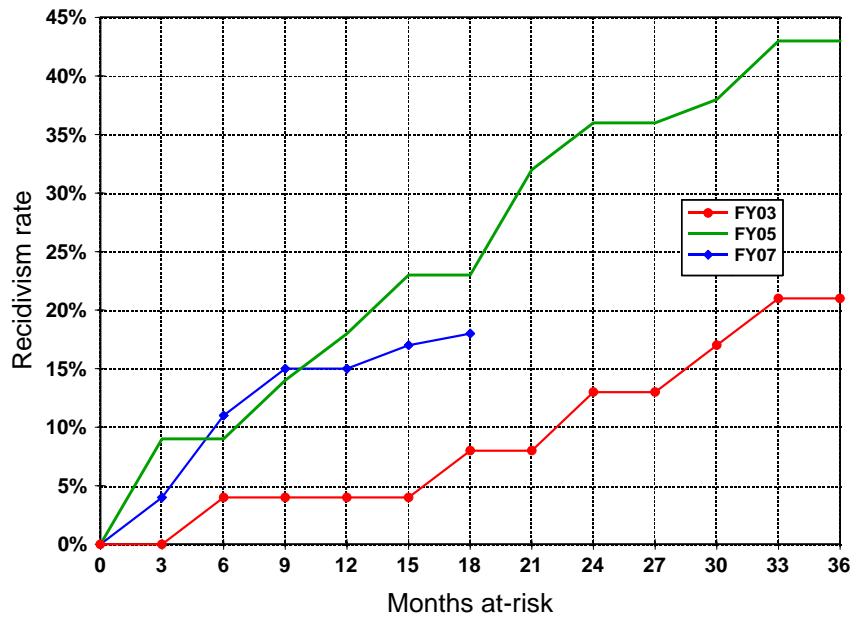
Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Glen Mill Schools LOS in months	5.4	5.6	5.0	5.1	3.6	7.3	6.3
Placement episode LOS in months	7.1	7.5	6.3	6.5	5.4	9.4	8.1
Number of prior detention admissions	2.4	2.2	2.7	3.3	2.6	1.6	1.5
Number of prior incarceration admissions	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.7	2.0	1.2	1.2
Number of prior felony arrests	2.6	2.5	2.7	3.2	2.3	2.5	2.2
Number of prior arrests	6.9	6.9	6.9	8.4	6.3	5.6	6.5

Glen Mills Schools provide normative culture, vocational, athletic and educational programming for males between the ages of 14 and 18.

Level IV Recidivism Rates

Display 11, Grace Cottage Felony Recidivism Rates



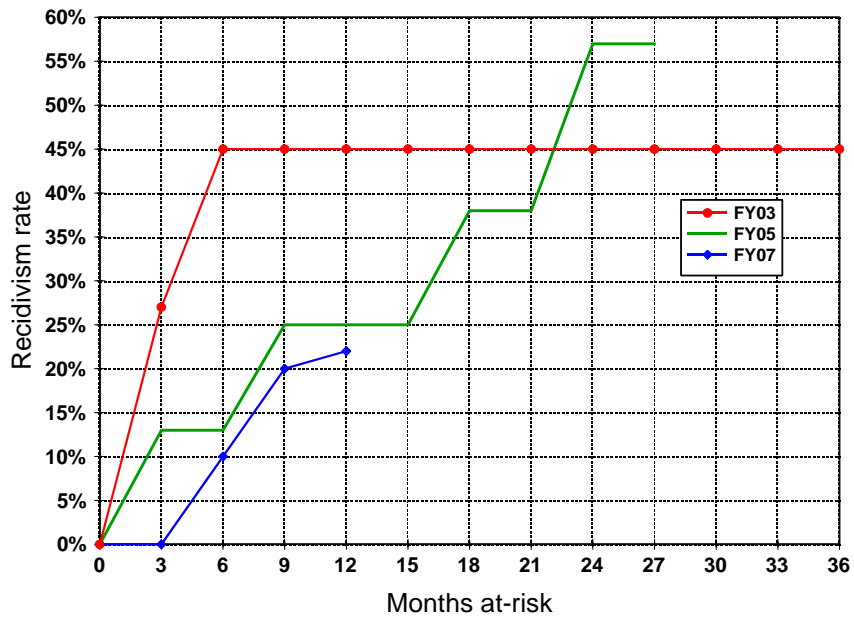
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	24	4%	4%	8%	13%	17%	21%
FY 04	34	12%	21%	32%	38%	42%	45%
FY 05	22	9%	18%	23%	36%	38%	43%
FY 06	98	4%	13%	17%	16%	.	.
FY 07	102	11%	15%	18%	.	.	.
FY 08	109	5%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Grace Cottage LOS in months	1.3	1.9	2.0	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.1
Placement episode LOS in months	2.5	5.5	3.2	3.6	2.5	2.0	1.8
Number of prior detention admissions	3.0	2.6	2.9	4.0	3.6	3.1	2.4
Number of prior incarceration admissions	1.4	1.9	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.4
Number of prior felony arrests	0.8	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7
Number of prior arrests	6.3	7.0	6.9	7.2	6.5	6.5	5.5

Grace Cottage provides behavior management and educational programming for females between the ages of 13 and 18. Grace Cottage did not operate from December 24, 2003, through January 18, 2005.

Display 12, Mountain Manor Treatment Center Felony Recidivism Rates



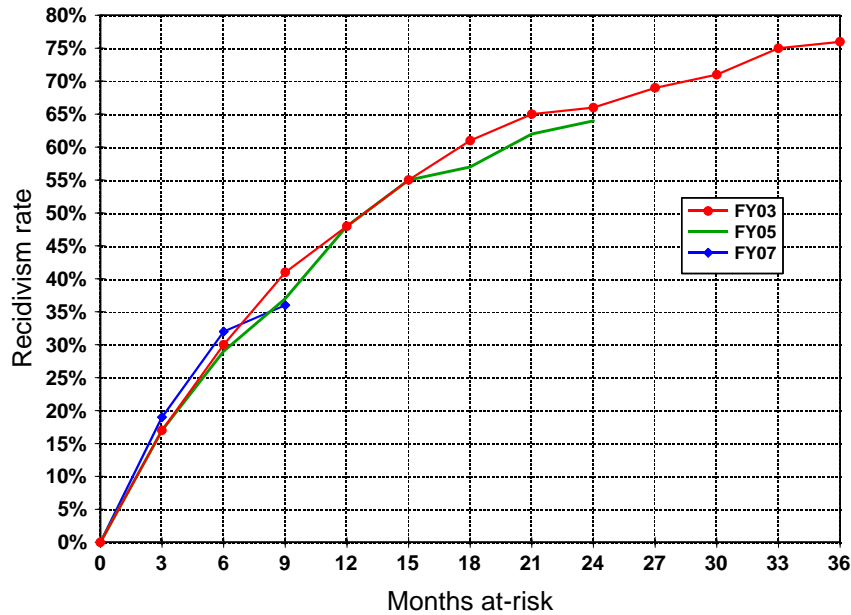
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	11	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
FY 04	6	0%	33%	50%	50%	67%	67%
FY 05	8	13%	25%	38%	57%	.	.
FY 06	8	50%	63%	.	.	.	.
FY 07	10	10%	22%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	7	29%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Mountain Manor LOS in months	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.5	1.6
Placement episode LOS in months	2.7	2.3	4.2	2.9	2.6	2.3	2.6
Number of prior detention admissions	2.2	2.1	1.8	3.3	2.9	1.1	2.1
Number of prior incarceration admissions	1.8	2.1	1.2	1.8	2.9	0.9	2.1
Number of prior felony arrests	1.5	1.9	1.7	1.3	1.9	1.0	1.3
Number of prior arrests	6.7	5.7	7.8	6.9	8.3	5.8	6.6

Mountain Manor Treatment Center, Inc., provides drug and alcohol and family therapy programming for juveniles between the ages of 12 and 19.

Display 13, Mowlds Cottage Felony Recidivism Rates



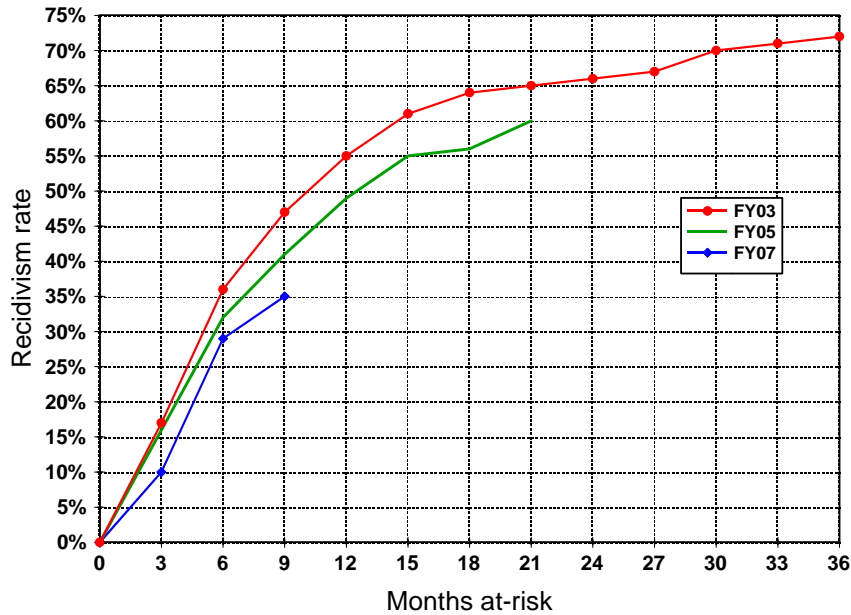
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	196	30%	48%	61%	66%	71%	76%
FY 04	195	32%	51%	58%	63%	.	.
FY 05	216	29%	48%	57%	64%	.	.
FY 06	201	34%	46%	54%	.	.	.
FY 07	240	32%	.	.	.	.	.
FY 08	233	29%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Mowlds Cottage LOS in months	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.2	0.9	0.9
Placement episode LOS in months	6.7	7.0	7.7	6.1	7.9	6.1	5.9
Number of prior detention admissions	3.3	2.8	3.3	3.9	3.6	3.3	2.8
Number of prior incarceration admissions	3.4	2.8	3.2	3.2	3.5	3.6	3.7
Number of prior felony arrests	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.3
Number of prior arrests	8.5	7.4	8.3	8.5	8.7	9.0	8.7

Mowlds Cottage has traditionally provided programming for males transitioning from the Ferris School for Boys and since FY02 administrative holds, youth returned from other programs, and youth adjudicated to Level IV are admitted directly to Mowlds Cottage. Ferris School flow-downs are not included here. Ferris School flow-downs are shown in the Ferris School analysis on page 18.

Display 14, New Castle County Detention Center Level IV Felony Recidivism Rates



Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	151	36%	55%	64%	66%	70%	72%
FY 04	145	29%	46%	58%	69%	69%	.
FY 05	159	32%	49%	56%	.	.	.
FY 06	132	35%	50%	57%	.	.	.
FY 07	147	29%	.	.	.	.	.
FY 08	156	22%	.	.	.	.	.

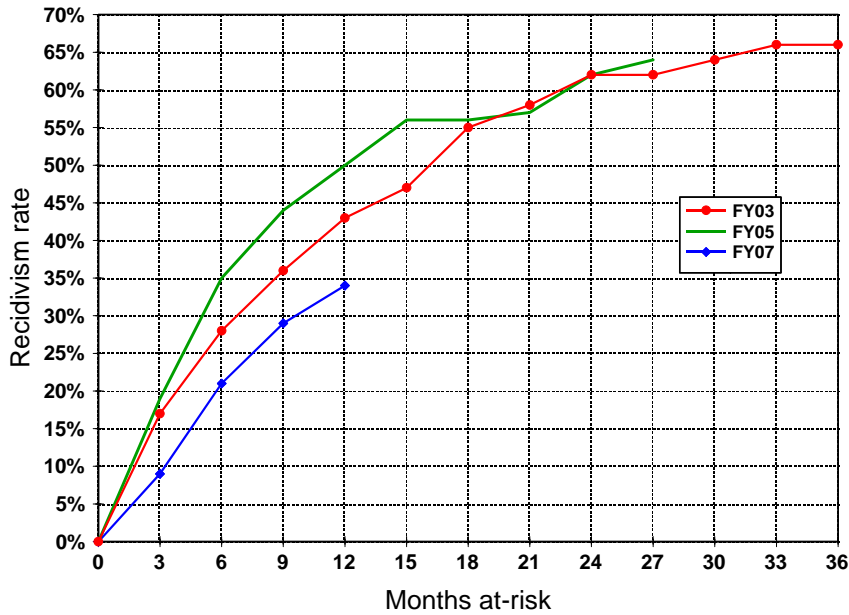
Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
New Castle County D.C. LOS in months	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.4
Placement episode LOS in months	5.7	6.0	5.7	5.3	5.3	6.0	5.7
Number of prior detention admissions	2.6	2.5	3.1	3.1	2.6	2.5	1.9
Number of prior incarceration admissions	2.7	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.6	2.5	3.2
Number of prior felony arrests	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.7
Number of prior arrests	7.6	7.1	7.7	8.1	8.1	7.2	7.2

The New Castle County Detention Center, a DYRS facility, provides health, professional care, professional counseling and educational programming for juveniles. The information presented above relates solely to juveniles who were released from this facility directly to a Level IV placement after spending more than 10 days there pursuant to a sentenced admission or more than 10 days after being sentenced.

Level IV Recidivism Rates

Display 15, Snowden Cottage Felony Recidivism Rates



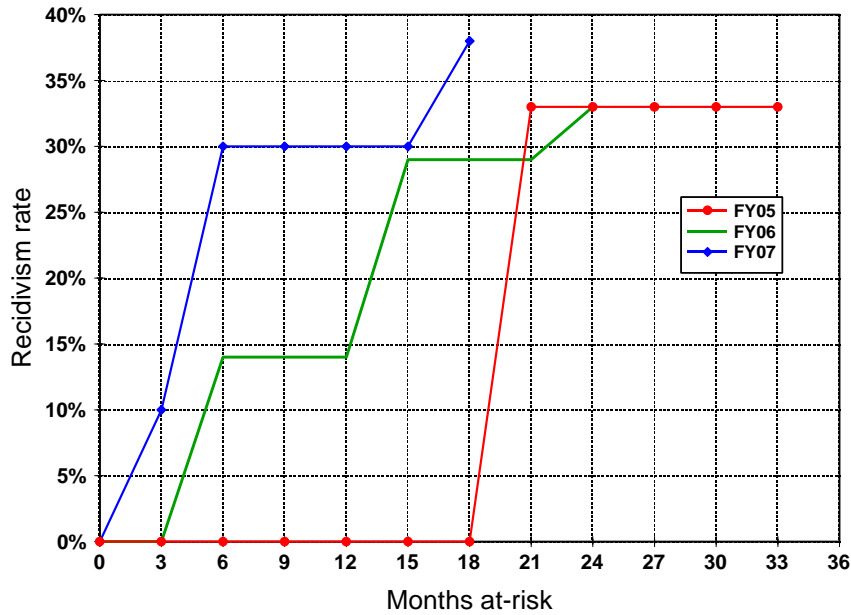
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	139	28%	43%	55%	62%	64%	66%
FY 04	74	34%	56%	64%	67%	70%	.
FY 05	37	35%	50%	50%	62%	.	.
FY 06	115	32%	49%	57%	.	.	.
FY 07	109	21%	34%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	104	25%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Snowden Cottage LOS in months	1.4	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.8
Placement episode LOS in months	2.7	1.6	2.5	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.3
Number of prior detention admissions	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.0	1.7
Number of prior incarceration admissions	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.2	1.7	1.6	1.6
Number of prior felony arrests	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.5
Number of prior arrests	7.1	6.8	7.1	6.6	7.7	7.5	6.6

Snowden Cottage provides residential programming for males with on-site educational services. Snowden Cottage did not operate from December 24, 2003, through January 18, 2005.

Display 16, South West Indiana Youth Village Drug and Alcohol Felony Recidivism Rates



Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 05	3	0%	0%	0%	33%	33%	.
FY 06	7	14%	14%	29%	33%	.	.
FY 07	10	30%	30%	38%	.	.	.
FY 08	2	0%	.	.	.	.	.

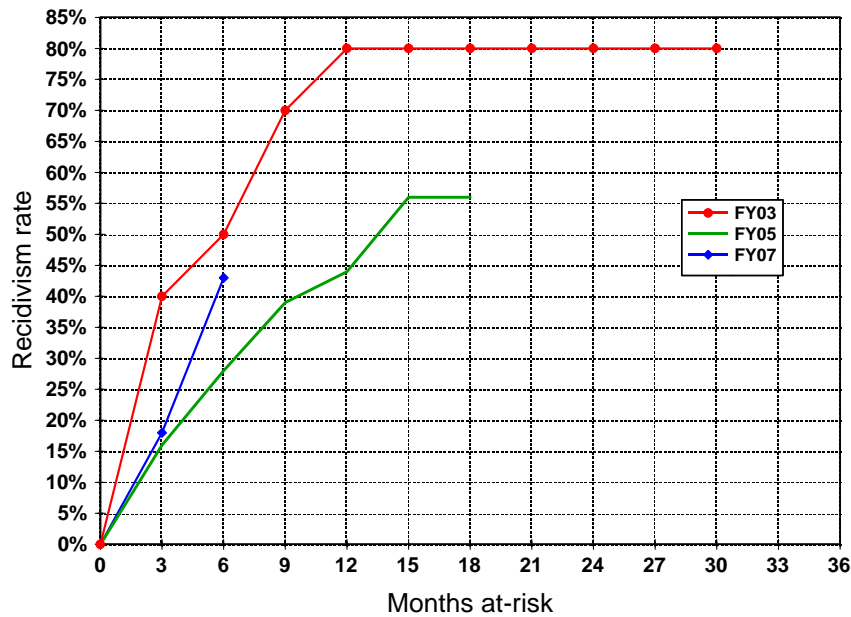
Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released			
		05	06	07	08
SWINYV Drug and Alcohol LOS in months	7.6	6.3	7.7	8.4	4.5
Placement episode LOS in months	12.7	9.2	12.9	14.8	7.1
Number of prior detention admissions	4.0	5.3	3.4	4.2	3.5
Number of prior incarceration admissions	2.9	2.7	3.4	2.6	3.0
Number of prior felony arrests	1.8	1.0	1.9	1.9	2.0
Number of prior arrests	9.1	8.3	8.9	9.2	10.5

South West Indiana Youth Village provides staff secure specialized substance abuse programming for male and female offenders 12 to 18 years of age.

Level IV Recidivism Rates

Display 17, Springfield Academy Felony Recidivism Rates



Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	10	50%	80%	80%	80%	80%	.
FY 04	23	35%	57%	67%	.	.	.
FY 05	19	28%	44%	47%	.	.	.
FY 06	20	26%	39%	59%	.	.	.
FY 07	22	43%	.	.	.	.	.
FY 08	26	13%	.	.	.	.	.

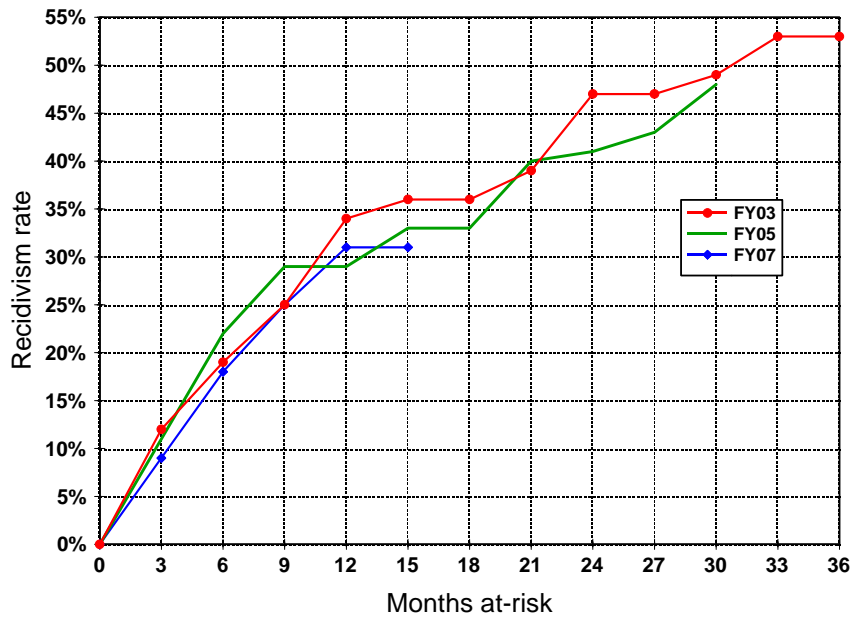
Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Springfield Academy LOS in months	4.9	5.1	4.5	5.1	4.9	5.2	4.8
Placement episode LOS in months	7.0	7.4	7.1	6.7	7.1	7.2	6.8
Number of prior detention admissions	2.7	3.4	3.8	2.8	2.6	2.1	2.0
Number of prior incarceration admissions	2.3	2.0	2.4	2.2	2.6	2.2	2.5
Number of prior felony arrests	2.2	2.7	2.6	1.9	2.1	1.9	2.0
Number of prior arrests	8.5	9.3	8.2	8.4	9.0	9.1	7.7

Springfield Academy provides chemical abuse counseling, victim awareness, educational groups and normative culture programming for males between the ages of 11 and 18.



Display 18, Stevenson House Detention Center Level IV Felony Recidivism Rates



Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	100	19%	34%	36%	47%	49%	53%
FY 04	89	26%	38%	43%	43%	45%	46%
FY 05	85	22%	29%	31%	41%	48%	.
FY 06	118	22%	37%	38%	.	.	.
FY 07	128	18%	31%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	76	23%	.	.	.	.	.

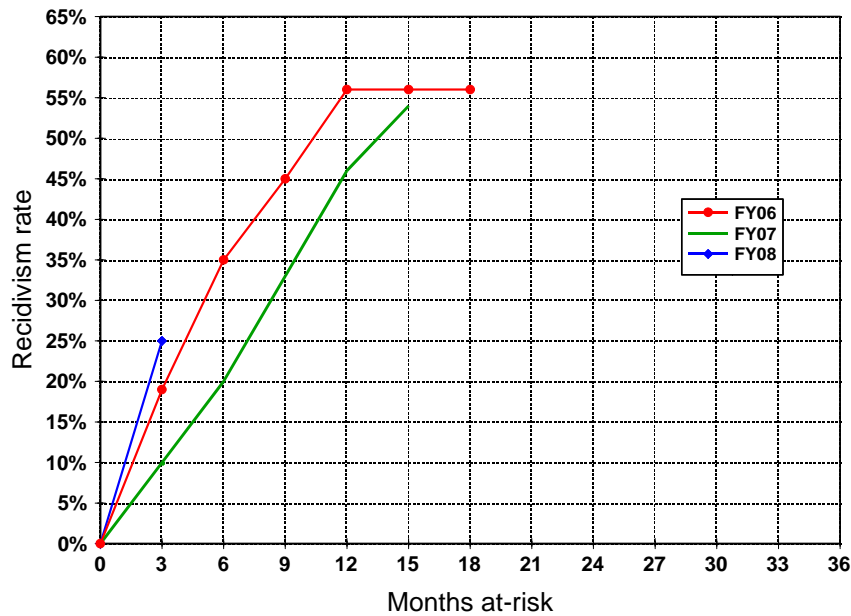
Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Stevenson House D.C. LOS in months	4.9	5.1	4.5	5.1	4.9	5.2	4.8
Placement episode LOS in months	7.0	7.4	7.1	6.7	7.1	7.2	6.8
Number of prior detention admissions	2.7	3.4	3.8	2.8	2.6	2.1	2.0
Number of prior incarceration admissions	2.3	2.0	2.4	2.2	2.6	2.2	2.5
Number of prior felony arrests	2.2	2.7	2.6	1.9	2.1	1.9	2.0
Number of prior arrests	8.5	9.3	8.2	8.4	9.0	9.1	7.7

The Stevenson House Detention Center, a DYRS facility, provides health, professional care, professional counseling and educational programming for juveniles. The information presented above relates solely to juveniles who were released from this facility directly to a Level IV placement after spending more than 10 days there pursuant to a sentenced admission or more than 10 days after being sentenced.

Level IV Recidivism Rates

Display 19, Summit Academy Felony Recidivism Rates



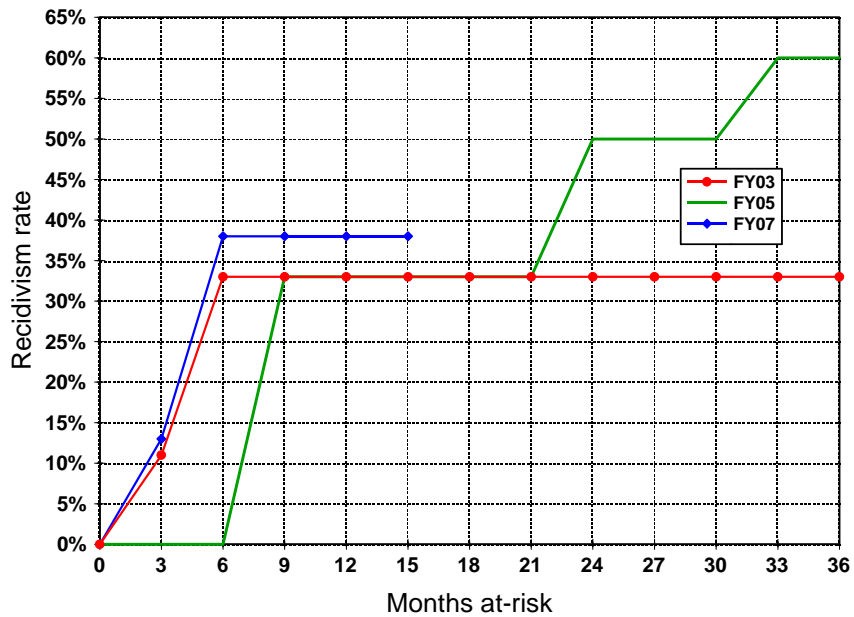
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 06	21	35%	56%	56%	.	.	.
FY 07	31	20%	46%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	26	.	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released		
		06	07	08
Summit Academy LOS in months	3.9	3.4	3.9	4.2
Placement episode LOS in months	5.8	4.4	5.4	7.4
Number of prior detention admissions	2.1	2.7	1.8	1.9
Number of prior incarceration admissions	4.7	4.0	4.4	5.8
Number of prior felony arrests	2.6	2.8	2.3	2.9
Number of prior arrests	7.7	8.7	7.2	7.3

Summit Academy provides drug and alcohol counseling, educational program with transferable college credits, and normative culture programming for males between the ages of 14 and 18.

Display 20, Today Inc., New Dawn, Felony Recidivism Rates



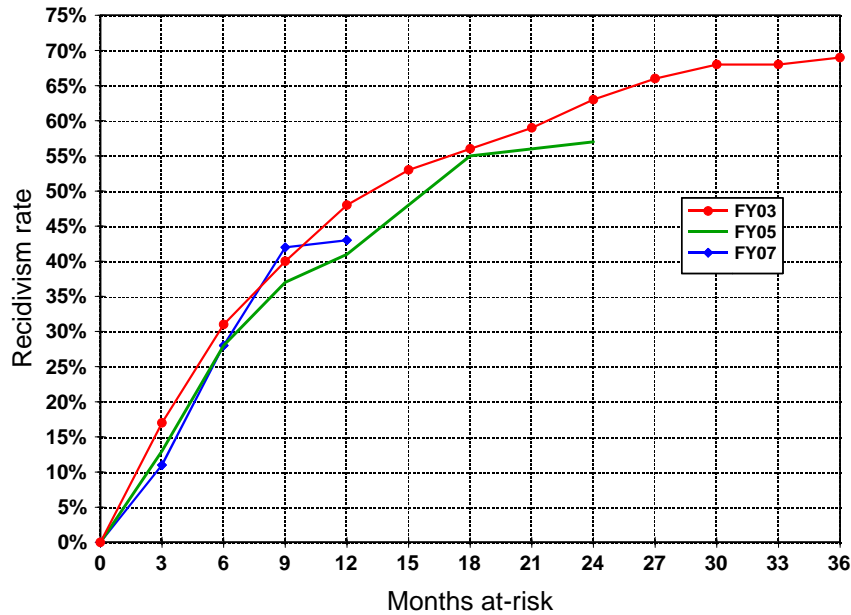
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	9	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%
FY 04	3	33%	67%	67%	67%	67%	.
FY 05	6	0%	33%	33%	50%	40%	60%
FY 06	15	20%	33%	33%	33%	42%	.
FY 07	8	38%	38%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	7	17%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Today, Inc., New Dawn LOS in months	1.7	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.7	2.4	2.2
Placement episode LOS in months	2.6	1.6	3.1	2.4	2.3	3.6	3.3
Number of prior detention admissions	1.7	1.3	4.0	1.5	1.5	1.9	1.3
Number of prior incarceration admissions	1.3	0.7	1.3	1.7	1.4	2.0	0.9
Number of prior felony arrests	1.2	0.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.4	2.1
Number of prior arrests	6.6	4.8	9.0	5.7	6.8	8.1	6.6

Today, Inc., New Dawn provides short-term (30 days) alcohol and substance abuse treatment for juveniles between the ages of 13 and 18 with short histories of alcohol or marijuana dependence.

Display 21, VisionQuest, Boot Camp, Felony Recidivism Rates



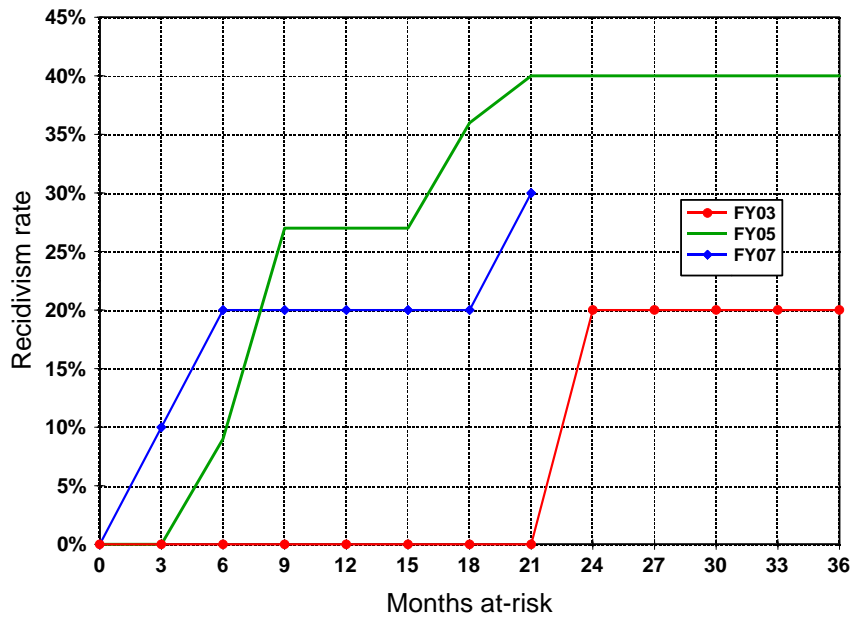
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	109	31%	48%	56%	63%	68%	69%
FY 04	135	29%	49%	55%	60%	61%	.
FY 05	131	28%	41%	55%	57%	.	.
FY 06	65	41%	50%	.	.	.	.
FY 07	62	28%	43%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	30	0%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
VisionQuest Boot Camp LOS in months	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.6	2.0	2.0
Placement episode LOS in months	2.8	2.9	2.3	2.9	2.6	3.3	3.9
Number of prior detention admissions	2.5	2.1	2.9	2.5	2.1	2.3	2.4
Number of prior incarceration admissions	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.6	2.3	2.3
Number of prior felony arrests	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.9	1.9	2.0
Number of prior arrests	7.1	6.4	7.0	6.7	7.1	8.3	8.6

VisionQuest Boot Camp or Guided Centering Program provides a focus on self-discipline and education in highly structured 30 and 90 day programs for males between the ages of 13 and 18 where counseling and community service opportunities are designed to affect a youth's attitude toward the consequences of further at-risk behavior and improve his/her racial identification.

Display 22, VisionQuest, Madalyn Program, Felony Recidivism Rates



Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	5	0%	0%	0%	20%	20%	20%
FY 04	3	0%	0%	0%	33%	33%	33%
FY 05	11	9%	27%	36%	40%	40%	33%
FY 06	10	0%	0%	10%	20%	33%	.
FY 07	10	20%	20%	20%	.	.	.
FY 08	7	17%	.	.	.	.	.

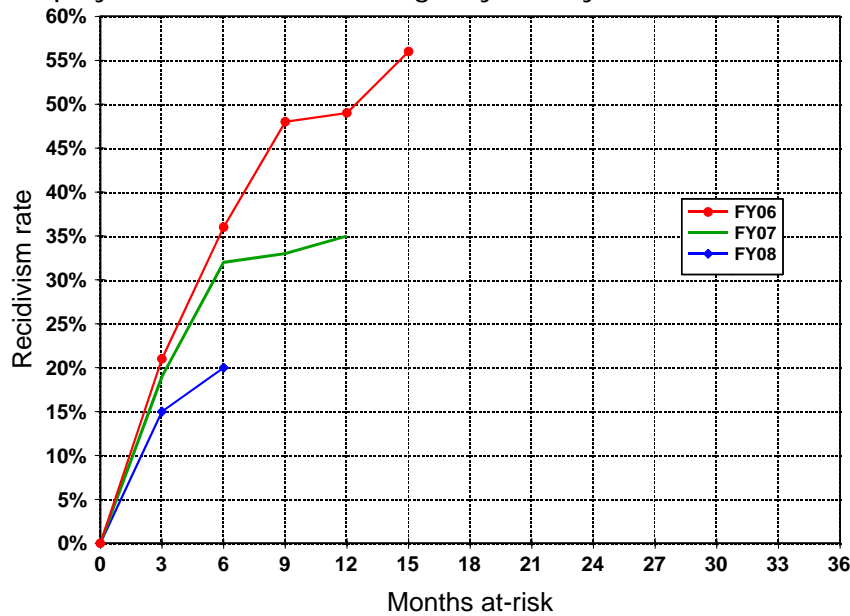
Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
VisionQuest Madalyn LOS in months	2.8	3.1	2.0	3.1	3.2	2.8	1.7
Placement episode LOS in months	6.2	6.0	3.3	4.7	5.9	8.6	6.8
Number of prior detention admissions	3.0	1.6	1.0	2.5	3.0	4.5	3.7
Number of prior incarceration admissions	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.2	1.8	2.8	2.4
Number of prior felony arrests	1.0	0.6	1.7	0.9	1.2	1.0	0.9
Number of prior arrests	7.0	5.6	7.0	6.7	7.8	7.7	6.0

VisionQuest’s Madalyn Program is a residential program designed to address the specific needs of troubled teenage girls.

Level IV Recidivism Rates

Display 23, Youth Services Agency Felony Recidivism Rates



Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release				
		6	12	18	24	36
FY 06	102	36%	49%	.	.	.
FY 07	125	32%	35%	.	.	.
FY 08	101	20%	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released		
		06	07	08
Summit Academy LOS in months	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.2
Placement episode LOS in months	2.1	2.3	1.8	2.2
Number of prior detention admissions	2.5	3.4	2.5	1.7
Number of prior incarceration admissions	2.1	2.5	1.8	2.1
Number of prior felony arrests	1.5	2.0	1.4	1.2
Number of prior arrests	7.3	8.4	7.2	6.3

Youth Services Agency provides an adventure based co-ed camping, substance abuse, educational, and vocational program for juveniles between the ages of 10 and 19.

Display 24, Level IV Small Program Felony Recidivism Rates

Benchmark Behavioral Health System Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 04	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 06	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	.

Benchmark Behavioral Health System provides a secured, long term, structured, goal oriented program for male adolescent sex offenders with severe behavioral problems between the ages of 13 and 19.

Chamberlain Academy, General, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 04	5	0%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%
FY 05	1	0%	100%	100%	100%	100%	.
FY 06	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	.
FY 07	3	33%	.	.	.	.	.
FY 08	2	0%	.	.	.	.	.

Chamberlain Academy, General, provides longer term coed programming for habitual juvenile offenders.

Clarinda Academy Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	49	45%	63%	65%	68%	73%	75%
FY 04	28	26%	38%	54%	61%	59%	.
FY 05	29	37%	63%	68%	68%	.	.
FY 06	9	11%	44%	43%	.	.	.
FY 07	5	80%	.	.	.	.	.
FY 08	6	0%	.	.	.	.	.

Clarinda Academy provides normative culture, chemical abuse counseling, victim awareness and educational programming for males between the ages of 13 and 18.

Coastal Harbor Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 08	1	0%	.	.	.	.	.

A description was not available from DYRS for this program.

Level IV Recidivism Rates

Diversified Treatment Alternatives Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	2	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 04	6	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%
FY 05	4	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 06	7	0%	0%	14%	43%	43%	43%
FY 07	3	0%	0%	0%	.	.	.
FY 08	5	0%	0%	.	.	.	.

Diversified Treatment Alternatives provides specialized sexuality therapy groups, education/therapy groups, and a comprehensive intervention strategy to manage the behavior of male sex offenders 8 to 17 years of age.

George Junior Republic, Special, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 04	2	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 07	1	100%	.	.	.	.	.
FY 08	1	.	.	.	.	.	.

A description was not available from DYRS for this program.

Hennepin County Home School Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	33%	33%
FY 04	2	50%	50%	50%	50%	100%	100%
FY 05	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 06	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 07	5	40%	.	.	.	.	.
FY 08	2	%.%	.	.	.	.	.

Hennepin County Home School provides comprehensive treatment for male sex offenders 14 to 18 years of age in a juvenile corrections facility.

Manatee Palms Youth Services Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 05	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 06	3	33%	33%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	1	0%	.	.	.	.	.

Manatee Palms Youth Services provides intensive psychiatric hospital/residential program with educational services for adjudicated male sex offenders requiring intensive behavioral health services.



New Hope Treatment Centers, Dyad Program, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 05	1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
FY 07	1	0%	0%	0%	.	.	.

New Hope Treatment Centers' Dyad Program provides a residential therapeutic milieu for dually diagnosed male adolescents, ages 13 to 17.6, with mental retardation and/or developmental disabilities and significant emotional and/or behavioral issues.

New Hope Treatment Centers, New Horizon Program, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 06	2	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	.
FY 07	4	25%	25%	25%	.	.	.

The New Horizon program (formerly New Hope's Synergy program) provides long-term daily psychiatric treatment to females 12 to 17.6 years of age.

New Hope Treatment Centers, Starting Pointe Program, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	3	33%	33%	67%	67%	67%	67%
FY 04	6	0%	17%	17%	17%	17%	17%
FY 05	4	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 06	2	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 07	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
FY 08	2	0%	0%.	.	.	.	.

New Hope Treatment Center's Starting Pointe program provides a highly structured milieu specifically designed to monitor and redirect sexually inappropriate behavior, along with a comprehensive array of clinical, educational and recreational services

New Hope Treatment Centers, Triad Program Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	4	25%	33%	33%	33%	.	.
FY 04	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 06	6	0%	0%	0%	33%	33%	.
FY 07	3	0%	0%	67%	.	.	.

New Hope's Triad Program provides an intensive and comprehensive residential treatment for male sex offenders 13 to 21 years of age with IQs ranging from 45 to 75.

Level IV Recidivism Rates

Palmetto Point Program Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 08	1	0%	0%	.	.	.	.

Palmetto Point Program provides long-term daily psychiatric treatment to female sex offenders from 11.6 to 17.6 years of age.

The Pines, Adolescent Program Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	3	33%	33%	33%	.	.	.
FY 04	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 05	5	0%	0%	25%	50%	.	.
FY 06	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	33%	33%
FY 07	2	0%	0%	50%	.	.	.

The Pines' Adolescent Program (formerly The Phoenix Program) provides treatment for aggressive mentally ill males 12 to 18 years of age who are having mental health problems coupled with significant behavior problems.

The Pines, Behavioral Studies Program, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	3	0%	33%	33%	67%	67%	.
FY 04	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 05	2	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 06	4	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	.
FY 07	3	33%	33%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	1	0%	0%	.	.	.	.

The Pines' Behavioral Studies Program provides treatment for sex offenders, ages 10 to 18, in a highly structured residential environment.

The Pines, General, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 07	3	67%	.	.	.	.	.

The Pines provides special education in a therapeutic residential setting to juveniles with a DSM-IV psychiatric diagnosis between the ages of 10 and 17 years upon admission.

The Pines, Project Right Track, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 06	2	100%	100%	.	.	.	.
FY 07	1	0%	.	.	.	.	.
FY 08	1	100%	100%	.	.	.	.

The Pines' Project Right Track (formerly The Cottage Program) provides services to psycho-sexually disturbed males 10 to 17 years of age with full scale IQs between 50 and 60.

Riverside Treatment Services, Inc., Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	2	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 04	1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
FY 05	2	0%	0%	0%	50%	50%	50%
FY 06	2	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	.
FY 07	3	33%	33%	33%	.	.	.
FY 08	2	.	.	.	.	.	.

Riverside Treatment Services, Inc. provides residential mental health services and acute psychiatric hospital services for juveniles that are dually diagnosed and/or are resistant to treatment.

Sleepy Hollow Academy Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 08	3	0%	0%	.	.	.	.

Sleepy Hollow Academy offers delinquent females normative culture programming with a drug and alcohol component.

Stetson School Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 08	4	0%	.	.	.	.	.

The Stetson School provides treatment to adjudicated male sex offenders.

Level IV Recidivism Rates

Today Inc., General, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	7	43%	71%	71%	67%	67%	83%
FY 04	3	67%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
FY 05	5	20%	20%	25%	25%	25%	25%
FY 06	4	25%	25%	25%	33%	33%	33%
FY 07	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	.	.

Today, Inc., provides long-term (60 to 90 days) alcohol and substance abuse treatment for juveniles between the ages of 13 and 19 with histories of addictive (cocaine, heroin, and or poly-substance) abuse.

VisionQuest, Buffalo Soldiers Academy, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	14	43%	69%	82%	82%	.	.
FY 04	20	25%	47%	56%	56%	.	.
FY 05	9	13%	25%	25%	38%	38%	.
FY 06	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	.
FY 07	6	50%	60%	.	.	.	.

The VisionQuest's Buffalo Soldiers Academy (formerly Quest) provides an individualized wilderness program designed to meet the needs of male juveniles ages 13 to 18 with histories of multiple unsuccessful out-of-home placements.

VisionQuest, Lady of The Lakes, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 05	1	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	100%
FY 07	1	0%	0%	0%	100%	.	.

VisionQuest's Lady of the Lakes provides residential programming for pregnant juveniles and teen mothers with one child up to 2 years of age.

VisionQuest, Morning Star Academy, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 07	5	0%	0%	25%	.	.	.

VisionQuest's Morning Star Academy, like VisionQuest's Buffalo Soldier Academy, provides an individualized wilderness program designed to meet the needs of male juveniles ages 13 to 18 with histories of multiple unsuccessful out-of-home placements.

University Behavioral Center Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 08	3	33%	.	.	.	.	.

University Behavioral Center provides treatment to male and female sex offenders.

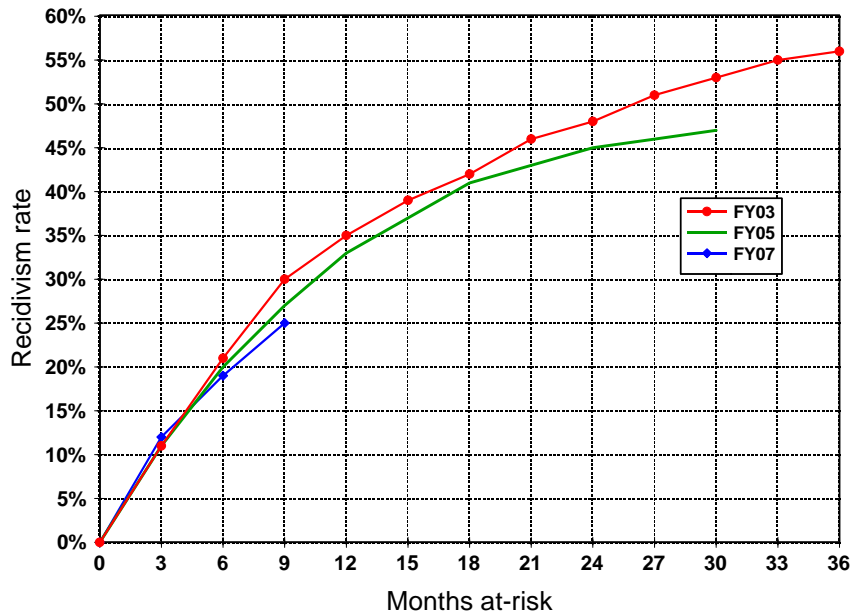
Way Point Program Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	4	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%
FY 04	2	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%
FY 05	4	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 06	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	.
FY 07	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
FY 08	3	0%	.	.	.	.	.

Way Point program provides treatment for sexually aggressive behavior to moderate to high-risk adolescent males 12 to 17.6 years of age.

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Display 25, Level III Residential Felony Recidivism Rates



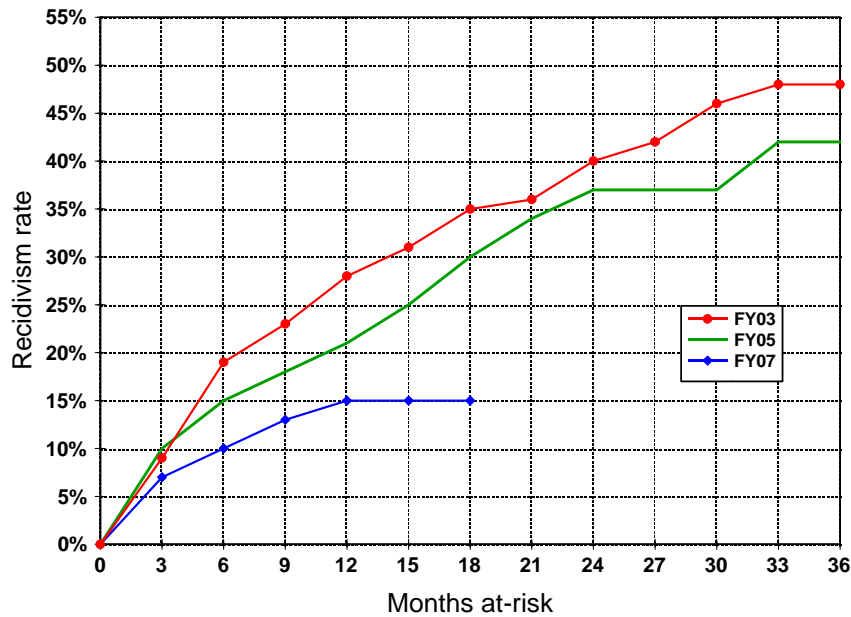
Level III Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	1,209	21%	35%	42%	48%	53%	56%
FY 04	1,501	22%	34%	43%	50%	51%	51%
FY 05	1,598	20%	33%	41%	45%	47%	.
FY 06	1,530	20%	30%	35%	38%	.	.
FY 07	1,482	19%	28%	31%	.	.	.
FY 08	1,424	13%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Level III LOS in months	2.2	2.5	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.3
Placement episode LOS in months	3.3	4.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	2.9
Number of prior detention admissions	1.7	2.0	2.2	1.9	1.6	1.3	1.1
Number of prior incarceration admissions	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Number of prior felony arrests	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0
Number of prior arrests	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.4	4.6

Display 26, Cornell Abraxas, Home Based Services, Felony Recidivism Rates



Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	99	19%	28%	35%	40%	46%	48%
FY 04	109	15%	27%	35%	41%	39%	39%
FY 05	112	15%	21%	30%	37%	37%	42%
FY 06	120	13%	20%	28%	31%	27%	.
FY 07	129	10%	15%	15%	.	.	.
FY 08	114	9%	.	.	.	.	.

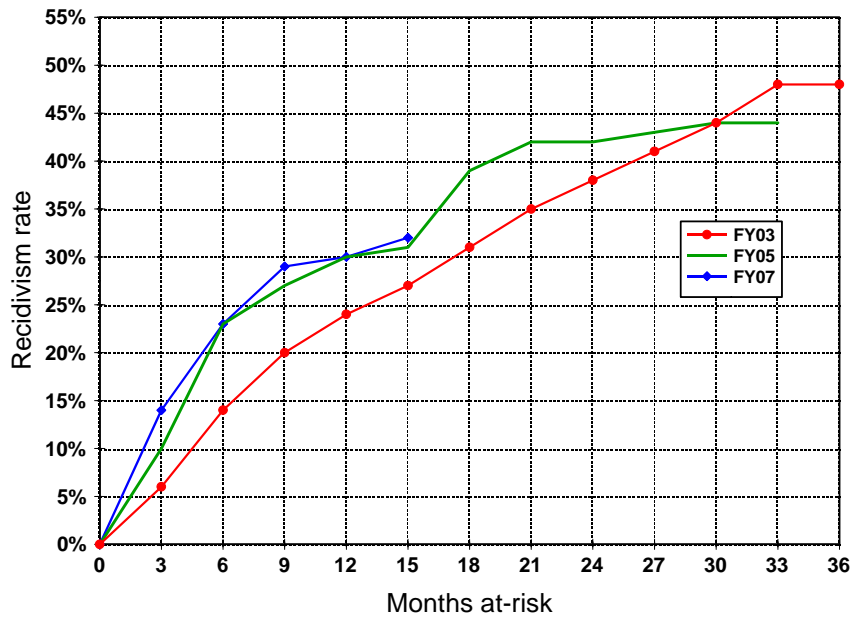
Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Cornell Abraxas Home Based LOS in mo.	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.3
Placement episode LOS in months	3.0	3.3	3.2	3.3	2.9	2.4	3.1
Number of prior detention admissions	0.7	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.4
Number of prior incarceration admissions	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3
Number of prior felony arrests	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.8
Number of prior arrests	4.2	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.0	3.5

Cornell Abraxas Level III Home Based Services provides one-on-one case management, individual and family intervention and counseling, assistance with community resources for youth and family and assistance with job placement.



Display 27, Cornell Abraxas, Intensive Home Based Services, Felony Recidivism Rates



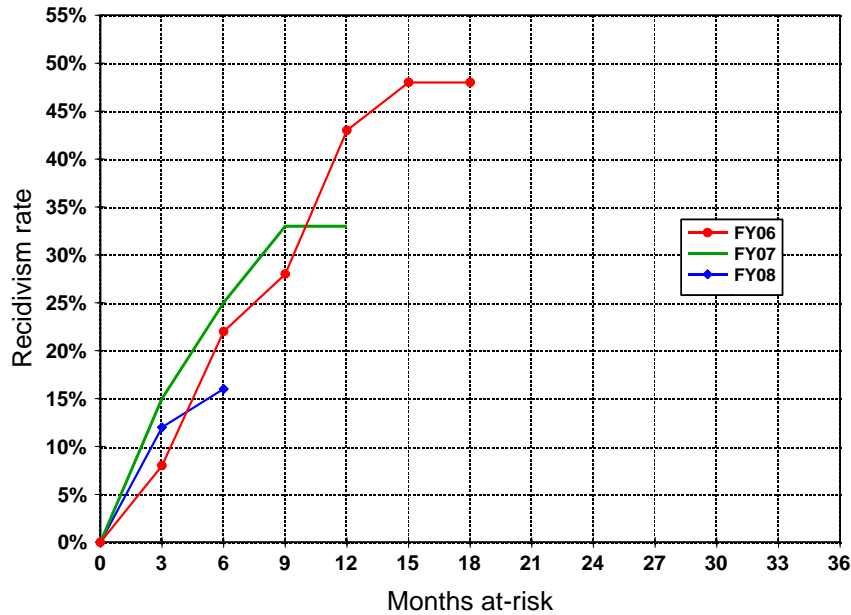
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	98	14%	24%	31%	38%	44%	48%
FY 04	121	18%	33%	39%	45%	52%	54%
FY 05	111	23%	30%	39%	42%	44%	.
FY 06	111	15%	28%	39%	42%	.	.
FY 07	134	23%	30%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	131	11%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Cornell Abraxas IHBS LOS in mo.	2.5	3.0	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.7
Placement episode LOS in months	3.6	4.3	3.3	3.7	3.3	3.8	3.5
Number of prior detention admissions	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.7
Number of prior incarceration admissions	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.6
Number of prior felony arrests	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.0
Number of prior arrests	5.7	5.8	5.7	6.1	5.9	5.9	4.7

Cornell Abraxas Level IIIA Intensive Home Based services provides one-on-one case management, intensive home-based family intervention and counseling, assistance with community resources, and assistance with job placement/retention and electronic monitoring.

Display 28, Camelot Shelter Services Felony Recidivism Rates



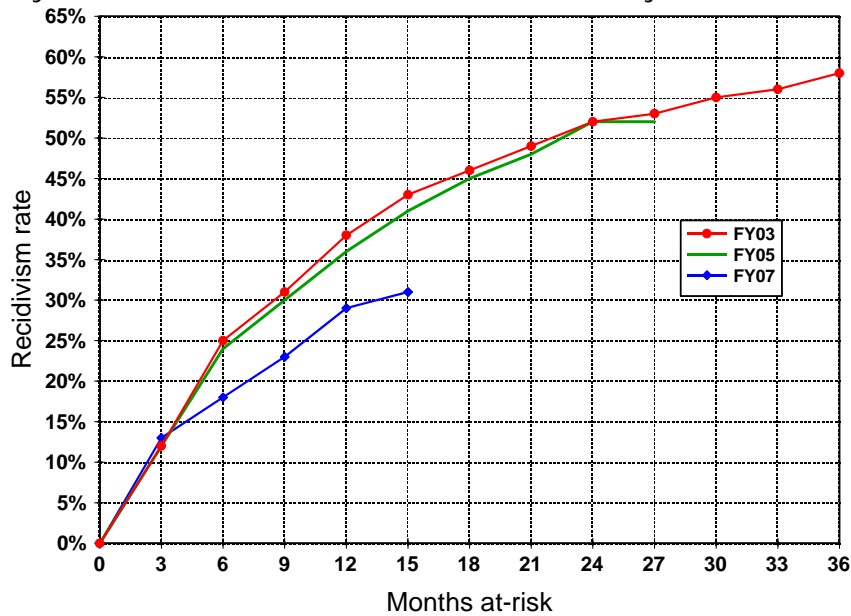
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	3	67%	.	.	.	.	.
FY 04	2	0%	0%	50%	.	.	.
FY 06	36	22%	43%	48%	.	.	.
FY 07	73	25%	29%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	113	16%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released				
		03	04	06	07	08
Camelot Shelter Services LOS in mo.	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.3
Placement episode LOS in months	1.3	0.1	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.3
Number of prior detention admissions	1.9	3.7	1.5	2.6	2.2	1.6
Number of prior incarceration admissions	2.3	1.7	0.0	2.8	2.8	2.0
Number of prior felony arrests	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.8	1.3	0.9
Number of prior arrests	6.7	9.7	5.5	7.3	7.2	6.1

Camelot provides Shelter Services for adjudicated youth serving administrative sanctions.

Display 29, Lead Inc. Home Based Services Felony Recidivism Rates



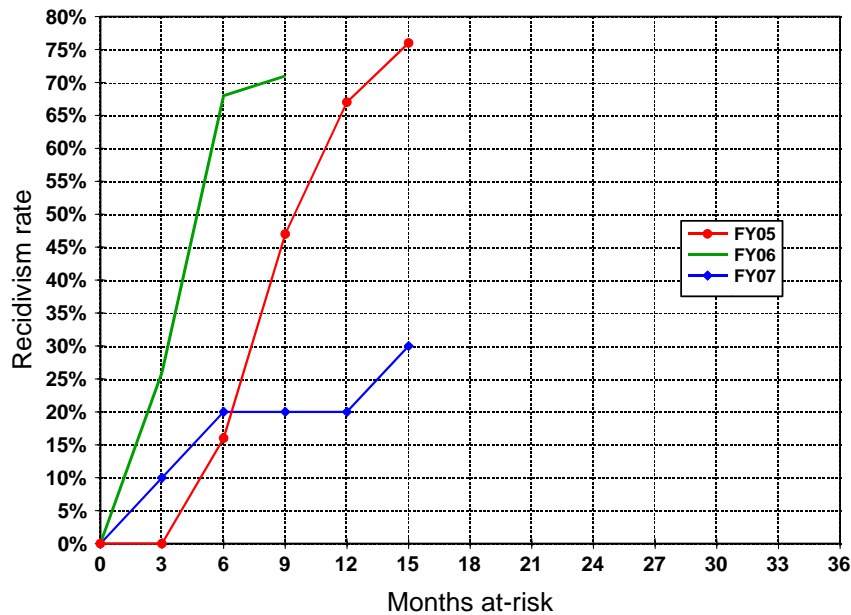
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	157	25%	38%	46%	52%	55%	58%
FY 04	186	21%	34%	41%	52%	55%	54%
FY 05	232	24%	36%	45%	52%	.	.
FY 06	169	24%	31%	38%	41%	.	.
FY 07	165	18%	29%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	124	16%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Lead Inc. Home Based Srvcs. LOS in mo.	1.0	1.2	0.8	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.7
Placement episode LOS in months	1.6	2.6	1.4	1.8	1.7	1.2	1.0
Number of prior detention admissions	1.7	1.8	2.3	1.9	1.9	1.0	1.1
Number of prior incarceration admissions	1.0	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.7	1.0
Number of prior felony arrests	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.8
Number of prior arrests	5.1	5.2	5.5	5.2	5.5	4.7	4.5

Lead Inc. home based services include visiting schools to insure attendance, visiting work sites and making home curfew checks by telephone and in person, providing an at home restriction program for technical violations of probation and Aftercare.

Display 30, Ministry of Caring, House of Joseph II, Felony Recidivism Rates



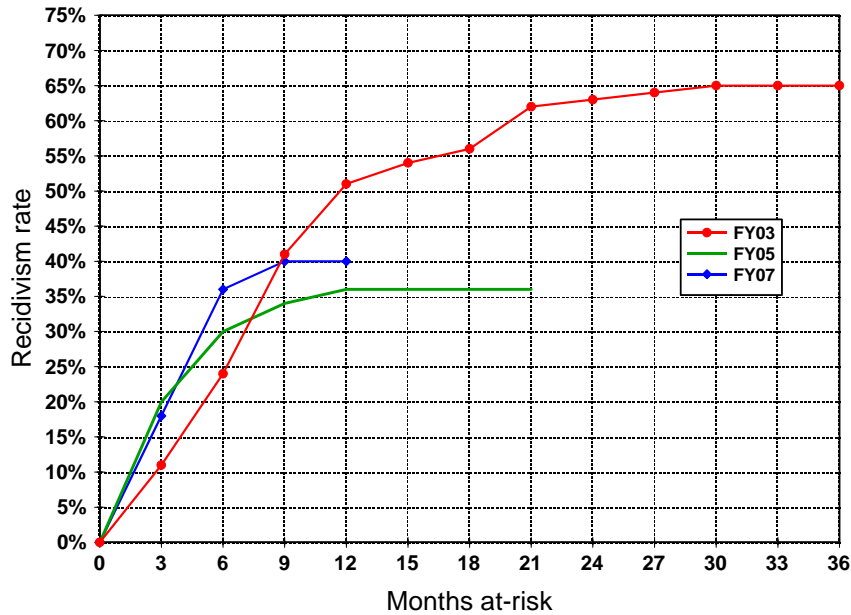
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 04	13	15%	31%	46%	46%	46%	.
FY 05	19	16%	67%	.	.	.	.
FY 06	19	68%	.	.	.	.	.
FY 07	10	20%	20%	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released			
		04	05	06	07
House of Joseph II LOS in months	1.9	1.1	2.2	1.4	3.3
Placement episode LOS in months	11.0	8.4	9.0	10.7	16.0
Number of prior detention admissions	5.4	3.6	6.4	6.9	3.1
Number of prior incarceration admissions	6.2	5.2	6.0	6.5	7.3
Number of prior felony arrests	2.0	1.9	2.3	2.1	1.6
Number of prior arrests	9.4	7.5	9.9	10.9	8.0

The Ministry of Caring’s House of Joseph II provides a residence for homeless males between the ages of 16 and 18 years of age who are transitioning out of the Ferris School for Boys into adulthood.

Display 31, Project Stay Free, Day Treatment Program, Felony Recidivism Rates



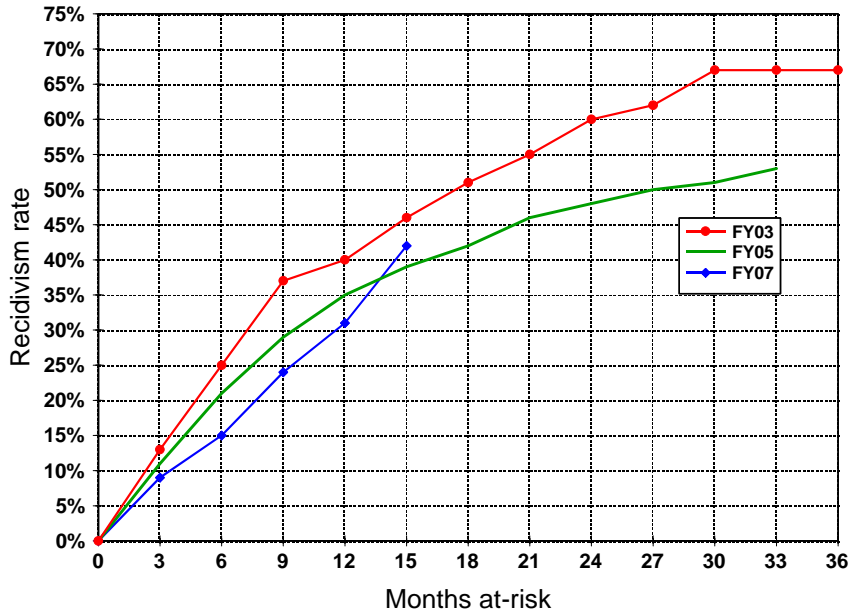
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	80	24%	51%	56%	63%	65%	65%
FY 04	75	27%	46%	61%	63%	63%	65%
FY 05	82	30%	36%	36%	.	.	.
FY 06	94	23%	42%	47%	.	.	.
FY 07	104	36%	40%	.	.	.	.
FY 08	92	21%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Project Stay Free Day Treat. LOS in mo.	2.0	2.4	2.3	1.6	2.1	1.9	2.0
Placement episode LOS in months	3.5	4.1	4.2	3.2	3.3	3.9	2.7
Number of prior detention admissions	2.9	3.5	3.6	3.5	2.5	2.4	2.1
Number of prior incarceration admissions	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.9
Number of prior felony arrests	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.3
Number of prior arrests	7.2	7.6	7.4	7.7	6.7	7.1	6.6

Project Stay Free provides intensive day treatment services to adjudicated New Castle County residents with an expected length of stay of four months.

Display 32, Project Stay Free,  
Intensive Home Based Services, Felony Recidivism Rates



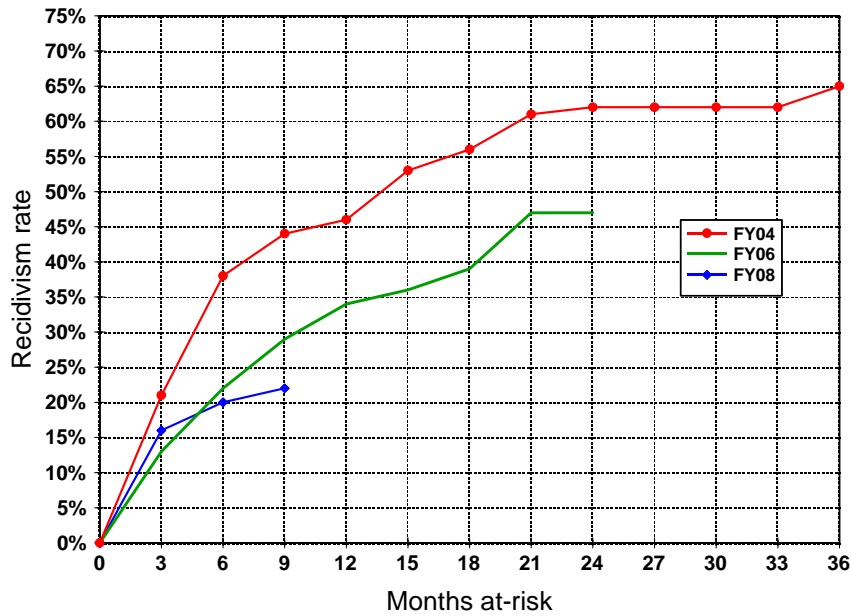
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	217	25%	40%	51%	60%	67%	66%
FY 04	252	32%	41%	50%	56%	56%	54%
FY 05	292	21%	35%	42%	48%	51%	.
FY 06	289	22%	33%	41%	43%	.	.
FY 07	242	15%	31%	41%	.	.	.
FY 08	245	9%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
Project Stay Free ICCP LOS in mo.	2.0	2.3	1.6	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1
Placement episode LOS in months	2.7	3.5	2.3	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.6
Number of prior detention admissions	1.8	2.4	2.7	1.9	1.4	1.5	1.0
Number of prior incarceration admissions	0.8	1.0	1.1	0.5	0.5	1.0	0.8
Number of prior felony arrests	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.9
Number of prior arrests	5.3	5.9	5.9	5.1	5.2	5.4	4.1

Project Stay Free provides Intensive Home Based Services (ICCP) with an expected length of stay of three months.

Display 33, Providence Service Corporation,  
Home Based Family Services, Felony Recidivism Rates



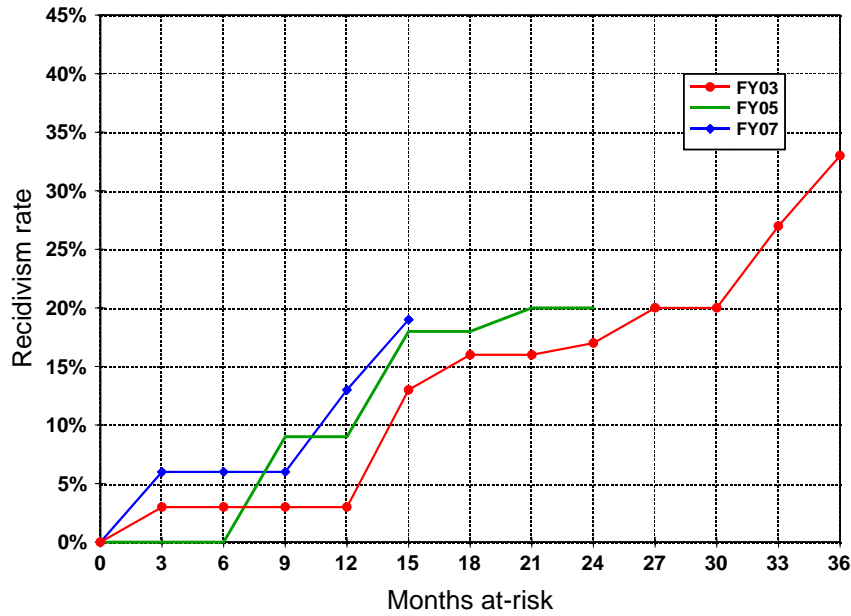
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 04	97	38%	46%	56%	62%	62%	65%
FY 05	75	18%	45%	55%	60%	.	.
FY 06	79	22%	34%	39%	46%	.	.
FY 07	68	32%	39%	42%	.	.	.
FY 08	33	20%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released				
		04	05	06	07	08
Providence Home Based LOS in mo.	2.0	1.8	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0
Placement episode LOS in months	3.6	3.3	3.8	3.5	3.2	5.0
Number of prior detention admissions	1.9	2.5	2.0	1.9	1.4	0.8
Number of prior incarceration admissions	1.0	1.3	1.2	1.0	0.7	0.5
Number of prior felony arrests	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.1
Number of prior arrests	5.4	6.1	5.5	5.2	5.4	3.7

Providence Service Corporation provides needs-oriented, individualized service plan to pinpoint the most critical needs of each youth and family following the MST approach to treatment.

Display 34, Psychotherapeutic  
Children's Services, Family Support Services, Felony Recidivism Rates



Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	31	3%	3%	16%	17%	20%	33%
FY 04	19	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	11%
FY 05	11	0%	9%	18%	11%	.	.
FY 06	18	6%	6%	6%	6%	13%	.
FY 07	16	6%	13%	19%	13%	.	.
FY 08	18	0%	13%	.	.	.	.

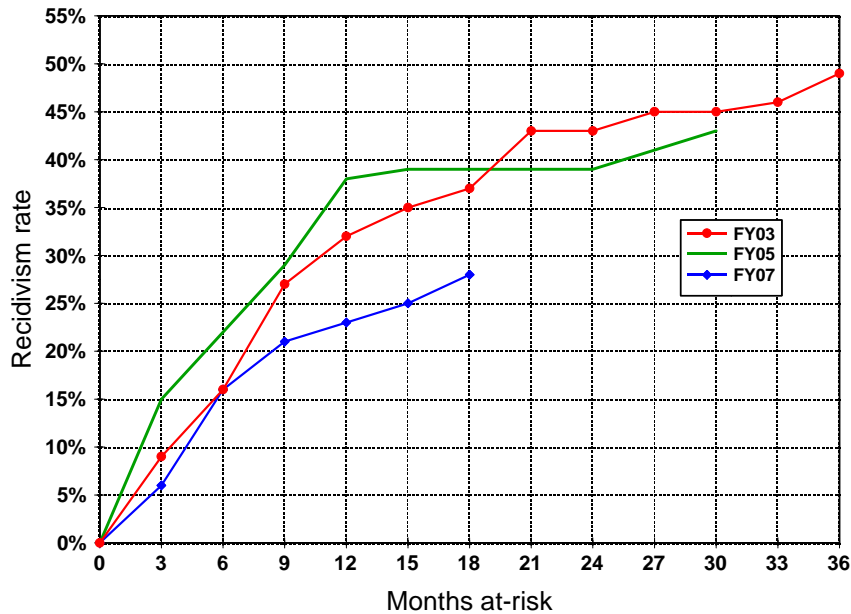
Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
PCS Family Support Services LOS in mo.	14.5	14.1	12.6	11.8	19.1	13.1	15.2
Placement episode LOS in months	33.7	32.7	40.2	36.8	37.7	26.3	32.7
Number of prior detention admissions	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.5	0.7	0.4	1.9
Number of prior incarceration admissions	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.3	1.8	1.8	2.6
Number of prior felony arrests	1.6	1.5	1.4	2.0	1.7	1.3	1.7
Number of prior arrests	3.3	3.1	3.2	4.3	3.2	2.1	4.2

Psychotherapeutic Children's Services, Family Support Services implements and coordinates the family therapy component of a sexual offender's treatment plan while they are in placement and the comprehensive relapse prevention plan upon return to the family.



Display 35, Psychotherapeutic Children's Services,  
Multisystemic Therapy Program, Felony Recidivism Rates



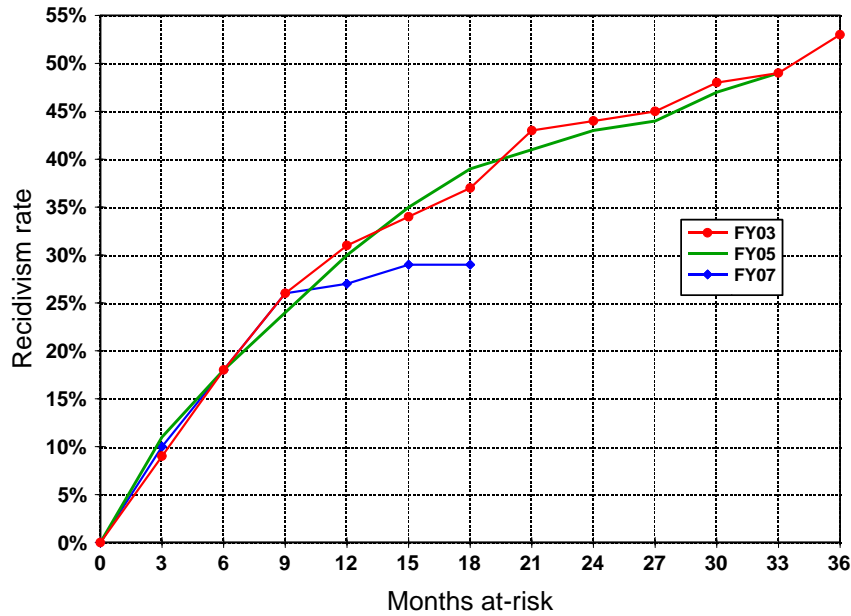
Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	110	16%	32%	37%	43%	45%	49%
FY 04	119	18%	34%	41%	50%	47%	.
FY 05	139	22%	38%	38%	38%	43%	.
FY 06	134	9%	21%	25%	28%	.	.
FY 07	108	16%	23%	28%	.	.	.
FY 08	144	13%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
PCS MST LOS in months	2.4	2.7	2.7	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3
Placement episode LOS in months	3.9	4.2	4.5	3.9	3.7	3.3	3.7
Number of prior detention admissions	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.2	1.7	1.4	1.2
Number of prior incarceration admissions	1.0	1.1	0.7	1.0	0.9	1.2	1.3
Number of prior felony arrests	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.9
Number of prior arrests	5.5	5.6	5.4	5.9	5.2	5.7	5.4

Psychotherapeutic Children's Services, Multisystemic Therapy Program is an intensive and comprehensive community based therapeutic intervention model that provides cognitive therapy for client and families with a low one-to-four to one-to-six therapists to client ratio.

Display 36, VisionQuest,  
Family-Centered Intensive Case Management Program, Felony Recidivism Rates



Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	191	18%	31%	37%	42%	48%	53%
FY 04	416	19%	30%	39%	47%	51%	52%
FY 05	434	18%	30%	39%	43%	47%	.
FY 06	435	20%	29%	31%	37%	.	.
FY 07	410	18%	27%	29%	.	.	.
FY 08	382	14%	.	.	.	.	.

Historical Profile of Youth Released by Fiscal Year

Average	Total	Fiscal Year Released					
		03	04	05	06	07	08
VisionQuest FCICM LOS in months	2.1	2.2	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.4
Placement episode LOS in months	2.8	3.2	2.5	2.9	2.6	2.9	2.9
Number of prior detention admissions	1.5	1.7	2.0	1.8	1.3	1.2	1.0
Number of prior incarceration admissions	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8
Number of prior felony arrests	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.0
Number of prior arrests	5.0	4.7	5.4	5.3	5.1	5.1	4.1

VisionQuest's Family-Centered Intensive Case Management Program is a community based program designed to meet the needs of youth, and their families, who need in-home intervention and DYRS probation case management.

Display 37, Level III Small Program Felony Recidivism RatesChallenge Day Program Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 08	2	0%	.	.	.	.	.

Challenge Day Program provides 20 hours per week of paid on the job training and 8 hours a week of work readiness, GED, drug awareness, and other related programming totaling to adjudicated 17 year olds who are not attending school.

Diversified Treatment Alternatives, Foster Care, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	3	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 04	1	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	100%
FY 05	5	0%	0%	20%	20%	20%	20%
FY 06	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 07	2	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	.
FY 08	1	0%	.	.	.	.	.

Diversified Treatment Alternatives provides temporary and long-term foster care for sexual offenders that successfully completed Diversified Treatment Alternatives' Level IV program.

New Castle County Level III Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	20	15%	45%	47%	41%	53%	.
FY 04	24	25%	48%	55%	52%	60%	.
FY 05	16	19%	44%	53%	57%	64%	.
FY 06	7	14%	57%	.	.	.	.
FY 07	3	33%	33%	33%	.	.	.
FY 08	3	33%	.	.	.	.	.

The New Castle County Detention Center, a DYRS facility, provides health, professional care, professional counseling and educational programming for juveniles. The information presented above relates solely to juveniles who were released from this facility directly to a Level III placement after spending more than 10 days there pursuant to a sentenced admission or more than 10 days after being sentenced.

Level III Recidivism Rates

Stevenson House Level III Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 04	2	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	.
FY 05	2	0%	0%	50%	100%	100%	100%

The Stevenson House Detention Center, a DYRS facility, provides health, professional care, professional counseling and educational programming for juveniles. The information presented above relates solely to juveniles who were released from this facility directly to a Level IV placement after spending more than 10 days there pursuant to a sentenced admission or more than 10 days after being sentenced.

## Data Sets

### Criminal Justice Information System

Arrest data was downloaded from the Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS) on February 20, 2009, for use in this study. Before the arrest data could be analyzed, extensive cleanup and charge selection was required according to the following protocol:

- a. Complete criminal history information was downloaded from CJIS at the charge level for all youth released from Level III, Level IV or Level IV programs from July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2008.
- b. Charges from arresting jurisdictions other than “DE” were excluded, thus deleting charges under municipal ordinances.
- c. Charges for Title 21 offenses not related to driving under the influence or the theft of a motor vehicle were excluded.
- d. Offense Title, Section, Class, and Type citations were verified against the SAC’s law file. Where CJIS statute citations did not match the law file, the citations were corrected. The SAC’s law file matches current state statutes. For example, an offender’s arrest for burglary in the third degree, a class F felony, appeared in CJIS as an unclassified misdemeanor.
- e. Attempted offenses charged under 11 Del.C. § 531 were corrected to the actual statute violated where an appropriate match could be made against the attempted offense’s literal description. For example, 11 Del.C. § 531, attempted theft over \$1,000, was recoded as an arrest for 11 Del.C. § 841, theft over \$1,000 – attempted.
- f. Attempted offenses charged under 11 Del.C. § 531 where the literal description did not reference an actual offense (Attempted attempt to commit a crime) and the NCIC code was not missing, were recoded to the actual statutes using the NCIC code.
- g. Attempted offenses charged under 11 Del.C. § 531 where the literal description did not reference an actual offense (Attempted attempt to commit a crime) and the NCIC code was missing, were recoded to actual statutes through the descriptive information contained in CJIS under the offense’s complaint number.
- h. Attempted offenses charged under 11 Del.C. § 531 where the literal description did not reference an actual offense, the NCIC code was missing and the complaint information did not yield any clues as to the crime committed were resolved within the context of the offender’s arrest patterns and criminal career.
- i. Criminal charges for individual offenders were aggregated at the arrest level, thus providing a collection of all relevant charges by offender and date of arrest, i.e., charges were aggregated into arrest events by date of arrest and SBI number.

Incorrect statute citations on 24,312 charges, or 6.9 percent, were changed to match the SAC law file.

## Juvenile Placement Data

Placement information was extracted from the data maintained on the DSCYF's Family and Child Tracking System (FACTS), and the SAC's DYRS facility database for youth released from Level III, IV, or V placements from July 1, 2002, through June 30, 2008. Release data for the 4,483 youth tracked for this study was conflated into a juvenile placement dataset according to the following protocol:

- a. Division of Family Services (DFS), DCMH, and DYRS non-secure detention, secure detention, Level III, IV and V program data was extracted from FACTS on February 20, 2009. DYRS placement information (program name, admission and release dates) was verified against DSCYF fiscal records. If the fiscal records were not found, the placement information was verified through the program's records, when these were available.
- b. The program data were integrated with the SAC's juvenile research database.
  - Excluded from the dataset were alternative placement records which coincided with a facility placement record, i.e., if a youth was serving time in Ferris but a bed was being saved in an alternative program, only the Ferris record was included in the dataset.
  - Placement information was adjusted to reflect program interruptions. For example, in cases where an alternative program placement spanned over an admission into a secure facility, i.e., for a 72 hour administrative at the Stevenson House or a secure detention due to an arrest while in a Level III program, the alternative program's placement information was adjusted to reflect the exit from the program and the entry into secure care and return to the alternative program. In these examples, two Level III admissions would be recorded around one admission to secure detention.
  - For cases where an alternative program placement spanned over a secure alternative program placement, i.e. a youth's bed was being saved in a Level III program while the youth was being held in a Level IV Mowlds Cottage slot, the non-secure program's admission and release dates were adjusted to correspond to the secure placement's admission and release dates.
  - Youth who were in more than one mutually exclusive Level III program according to FACTS and/or fiscal payment records also had their placement dates adjusted, for the purposes of this study by SAC, so that each admission incident had distinct admission and release dates which did not overlap. For example, the admission and release dates of youth in MST were adjusted so that they did not coincide or overlap with admissions to other primary Level III programs like Project Stay Free's ICCP program. The list of primary Level III program names was provided to the Statistical Analysis Center by the Chief of DYRS Community Services on June 24, 2008.
  - For cases where fiscal records showed that a youth was transferred, admitted, and/or released, but there was no corresponding record of the transfer in FACTS, a new record was created to reflect this movement if the case workers' FACTS notes supported the youth's participation in a program.

A total of 3,546 FACTS placement records were found to be in error, out of the 26,112 placement records for the 4,483 individuals tracked for this study, for a juvenile placement data error rate of 13.6 percent, due to discrepancies in admission and/or release dates when compared to fiscal records, missing records, duplication, and offender identification problems.

## DOC Data

DOC admission data was extracted from CJIS, for the 4,483 individuals that were tracked for this study. The juvenile placement dataset was conflated with DOC admission data according to the following protocol:

- a. DOC detention, Level IV and V admission and release data was extracted from CJIS on February 20, 2009.
- c. DOC data were integrated with the SAC's juvenile placement dataset.
  - Excluded from the Juvenile/DOC dataset were DOC records where an offender was in the community under supervised custody, direct supervision, pre-trial services, home confinement, assigned to a Probation and Parole institution or to *restitution only*.
  - When an offender had a Central Violation of Probation, Plummer House or Sussex Halfway House Work Release case, and the location file showed that during part of the case the offender had been in a *hard* institution, i.e., Women's Correctional or Delaware Correctional Institution, the location file admission and release data on the hard institution was included in the dataset.
  - Excluded from the dataset were Central Violation of Probation, Plummer House or Sussex Halfway House Work Release cases that were not related to a location file *hard* institution admission/release record.

The juvenile/DOC dataset was produced by joining the latest available offender identification (SBI, and demographic information such as name, date of birth, race), DOC admission history (CJIS) and placement data (secure DFS and DCMH, and DYRS facility and contracted non-secure, III, IV and V programs). The juvenile/DOC dataset contains admission—release 45,635 records.

## Level III, IV and V Recidivism Study Dataset

The analysis file use for this study was produced by joining the latest available offender identification (SBI, and demographic information such as name, date of birth, race), arrest history (CJIS) and the juvenile/DOC dataset (secure DFS and DCMH, and DYRS facility and contracted non-secure, III, IV and V programs.) Since the analysis file used for calculating all the statistics in this report was conflated from the latest available information, the statistics presented in this document supersede statistics presented in previous reports. In total, 350,859 arrest charges were identified, verified and matched against 45,635 program, facility and institutional admission—release incidents to produce the analysis file.

No felony recidivism statistics are presented in this document for pre-trial juvenile detainees. The adjudicated Level III, IV and V felony recidivism rates presented in this document for juveniles held in detention centers apply to juveniles that spent more than 10 days in a detention center pursuant to a sentenced admission or more than 10 days after being sentenced and were released directly to a Level III, IV, V placement or to a DOC institution.

This analysis considers juveniles that spent at least one at least one day in the Ferris School before their transfer to Mowlds Cottage or release to the community as Ferris School releases. Considered as Mowlds Cottage releases were juveniles who spent their entire incarceration at Mowlds Cottage before being released to the community.



## Appendix

### Historical Recidivism Rates

The following appendix contains recidivism rates for programs that have not been active since FY03. The programs are grouped by dispositional level.

Historical Recidivism Rates

Display 34, Level V Historical Program Felony Recidivism Rates

C.C.A., Shelby Training School Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	2	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Shelby Training School provides pre-vocational, on-site educational, and zero tolerance behavioral programming for males 12 to 18 years of age.

Display 35, Level IV Historical Program Felony Recidivism Rates

Au Clair School, General, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
FY 04	2	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	.
FY 05	2	100%	100%	100%	100%	50%	.

A description was not available from DYRS for this Department of Education program which is coded in FACTS as being a Level IV program.

Bowling Brook Preparatory School Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	1	0%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Bowling Brook provides normative culture, substance abuse group and educational programming for males between the ages of 16 and 19.

Brown Schools of San Marcos Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 05	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

A description was not available from DYRS for this program.

Excelsior Youth Center Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	3	67%	67%	67%	67%	100%	100%

Excelsior Youth Center provides programming for females ages 12 to 18 years of age who are emotionally and behaviorally disturbed. The individualized treatment includes individual psychotherapy, group psychotherapy, family counseling, and peer group interaction.

## Historical Recidivism Rates

### Grace Cottage, Shelter Services, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FY 04	4	25%	25%	50%	50%	50%	50%

Grace Cottage provided short-term shelter services for females 13 to 18 years of age. Grace Cottage did not operate from December 24, 2003, through January 18, 2005.

### Grace Cottage, Short Term, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Grace Cottage provided short-term residential treatment programming for females between the ages of 13 and 18 with supplemental community based services. Grace Cottage did not operate from December 24, 2003, through January 18, 2005.

### KidsPeace, Diagnostic Program, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 04	1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

KidsPeace's Diagnostic Program provides short-term treatment services combined with a comprehensive diagnostic evaluation for juveniles 6 to 18 years of age.

### KidsPeace, General, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

KidsPeace's General program provides 24-hour psychiatric care for juveniles 6 to 18 years of age that require longer-term supervision, residential, clinical, and educational services.

### KidsPeace, Sex Offender Program, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 04	1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

KidsPeace's General program provides 24-hour psychiatric care for juveniles 6 to 18 years of age with a history of inappropriate sexual behavior.

The Pines, The Cooperative Program, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

The Pines' Cooperative Program provides treatment for juveniles with severe emotional and behavioral problems and significant developmental disabilities.

The Pines, Young Men and Young Women's Center Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	2	0%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

The Pines' Young Men and Young Women's Centers provide treatment for juveniles who have been diagnosed with psychiatric and behavioral problems.

Renewal Center Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 04	1	0%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Renewal Center provides residential treatment services for offenders diagnosed with Psychoactive Substance Use Disorder.

Historical Recidivism Rates

Display 36, Level III Historical Program Felony Recidivism Rates

Camelot, General, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	28	18%	32%	44%	42%	48%	.
FY 04	36	17%	34%	48%	54%	57%	.
FY 05	50	20%	40%	51%	.	.	.

Camelot, General, provides residential group care to adjudicated males between the ages of 12 and 18.

Child Inc., General, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 03	9	11%	33%	33%	33%	33%	44%
FY 04	4	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
FY 05	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	.

Child Inc., General, provides foster care for adjudicated juveniles between the ages of 8 and 18.

YMCA, Weekly, Felony Recidivism Rates

Time Period	N. Released	Months At-Risk Since Release					
		6	12	18	24	30	36
FY 04	1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

YMCA's Weekly program provides emergency housing – with no additional services – for adjudicated males 18 years of age who are in need of immediate and temporary housing.